

General Revision

Super Goal 3

Units : 7-8-9-10-11-12

Name :

..... الاسم :

..... الصف :





A. Choose the correct answer.

- 1- You were in Jeddah, (wasn't- weren't- aren't) you?
- 2- She studied in London, (didn't- don't - doesn't) she?
- 3- They aren't from Egypt, (are they - are not they – do they) ?
- 4- Majed is able to (drives – drive – driving) a car.
- 5- Sara should (see – saw – seen) the doctor.

B. Do as shown between brackets.

(1-Correct)

- a- She reads this novel, **do** not she?.....
- b- Ahmed is able to **fixes** the car.....
- c- He should **staying** at home.....

(2-Reorder.)

- 1- Why \ we \ order \ a pizza \ don't \ ?
.....
- 2- go \ shopping \ Let's
.....

(3-Complete the tag questions.)

- a- He didn't buy that fan,.....?
- b- You live in Dammam,?

Grammar



A-choose the correct answer:

- 1- (orphan – kid – cousin) is a child who has lost his parents.
- 2- Three children born at the same time : (baby – child – triplets).
- 3- (Heredity - Education - Environment) is what you get from your parents.

B- Choose the missing letters.

- 1- The directions she gave con...used us. (f – j – o)
- 2- My mother and aunt are t...ins.(y – q – w).
- 3- She was wearing a bei...e dress. (s – g – z)

C- Find the odd words.

- | | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------|
| 1- frying pan | fan | plate |
| 2- screwdriver | cups | hammer |
| 3- teapot | knives | pliers |
| 4- spoon | vacuum cleaner | broom |

E- write the missing letter.



Screw...river



.....ot

vocabulary

D. write the correct word under each picture. Ladder – hose – hammer – saw – broom



.....



قناتي على التلغرام
Asma's world

A. Choose the correct answer.

- 1- You were in Jeddah, (wasn't- weren't- aren't) you?
- 2- She studied in London, (didn't- don't - doesn't) she?
- 3- They aren't from Egypt, (are they - are not they – do they)
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B. Do as shown between brackets.

(1-Correct)

- a- She reads this novel, **do** not she?....**does**.....
- b--Ahmaed is able to **fixes** the car.....**fix**.....
- c-He should **staying** at home.....**stay**.....

(2-Reorder.)

- 1-Why\ we \ order \a pizza \ don't \ ?
Why don't we order a pizza?
- 2-go \shopping \ let's
Let's go shopping.

(3-Complete the tag questions.)

- a-He didn't buy that fan ,**did he** ?
- b-You live in Dammam ,**don't you**?

Grammar



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- 1-(**orphan** – kid – cousin) is a child who has lost his parents.
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- 2-My mother and aunt are t...ins.(y – q – **w**).
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| 1- frying pan | fan | plate |
| 2-screwdriver | cups | hammer |
| 3-teapot | knives | pliers |
| 4- spoon | vacuum cleaner | broom |

E- write the missing letter.



Screw**d**river



pot

vocabulary

D. write the correct word under each picture. Ladder – hose – hammer – saw – broom



hammer



hose



broom



saw



ladder



A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-You must (stop – stopping – stops) at the traffic light.
- 2-Can you (helps – helping – help) me ?
- 3- Omar drives (slow – slowly- slows) .
- 4-You shouldn't(ate – eating- eat)when you're driving.
- 5-Don't (park – parks – parking) your car there.
- 6- Saeed plays (well – will – good).

2-Do as shown between brackets.

A-(report)

1-" put your seatbelt." (father said to his children)

.....

2-"Can you make the lunch?" (my mother asked me.)

.....

B-(Give me the negative).

1-Close the window

2-Raise your hand

C-Correct.

1- You mustn't talks during the test.

2- Please don't drove so fast.

D-(use adverb of manner)

1-Khalid is a good writer.....

2 They are fast runner.....



Grammar

A.Choose the correct answer.

- 1- Teenagers are easily (distracted – rage – accident) by their cell phone.
- 2-A(colony – traffic light -custom) is country or area controlled by a more powerful country.

B- Choose the missing letters.

- 1-You must always wear your seatelt. (s – b – w)
- 2-Let me see your a driver's li...ense, please. (v - o – c)
- 3- You must obey the roadigns. (q – s – u)

F.Find the odd words.

- 1- headlight windshield GPS
- 2-break padel hood gas padel

C-Match the words with their meanings.

1	steering		board
2	trend		wheel
3	wind		tendency
4	dash		study and research
5	investigate		Shield

E. Write the correct letter.



....arking



s.....ord

D-Write the correct word for each picture.

danger – bumper - windshield wiper – gas tank – trunk



.....

A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-You must (**stop** – stopping – stops) at the traffic light.
- 2-Can you (helps – helping – **help**) me ?
- 3- Omar drives (slow – **slowly**- slows) .
- 4-You shouldn't(ate – eating- **eat**)when you're driving.
- 5-Don't (**park** – parks – parking) your car there.
- 6- Saeed plays (**well** – will – good).

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Grammar

2-Do as shown between brackets.

A-(report)

- 1-" put your seatbelt." (father said to his children)
The father told his children to put on their seatbelts
- 2-"Can you make the lunch?" (my mother asked me.)
My mother asked me to make the lunch.

B-(Give me the negative).

- 1-Close the window . **Don't close the window.**
- 2-Raise your hand. **Don't raise your hand.**

C-Correct.

- 1- You mustn't **talks** during the test. **talk**
- 2- Please don't **drove** so fast. **drive**

D-(use adverb of manner)

- 1-Khalid is a good writer. **Khalid writes well**
- 2 They are fast runner. **They run fast.**



A.Choose the correct answer.

- 1- Teenagers are easily (**distracted** – rage – accident) by their cell phone.
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F.Find the odd words.

- 1- headlight windshield **GPS**
- 2-break padel **hood** gas padel

C-Match the words with their meanings.

1	steering	4	board
2	trend	1	wheel
3	wind	2	tendency
4	dash	5	study and research
5	investigate	3	Shield

E. Write the correct letter.



Parking



sword

D-Write the correct word for each picture.

danger – bumper - windshield wiper – gas tank – trunk



Gas tank



bumper



danger



trunk



Windshield wiper



Choose the correct answer:

- 1-A talkative person is someone(who- which – where) speaks a lot.
- 2-English is a language (who – which – where) is easy to learn.
- 3-My brother was watching TV (when – while – that) he was eating dinner.
- 4-Dad was drinking coffee (when – while – that) he was reading.
- 5-I would like to (books – booking – book) a room.
- 6- May I (spoken – spoke – speak) to the manager?

Do as shown between brackets.

a-(reorder)

1- I \ can \ use\ computer\ your \ ?

.....

2-we\ May\ have \ cookies \ some \ ?

.....

b-(Correct).

1-Ahmed was walking in the park while he saw Hameed.

2-A clever person is someone which is intelligent.

3-Faisal was listening to the football game when he was studying.....

4- Can I asking you a question?

c-(combine)

1- My father bought a car . It is BMW.

.....

A-Choose the correct answer.

- 1-A person who is famous : (celebrity - hardworking – optimistic)
- 2-He took out (poverty – snack - loan)from the bank to pay for the car.
- 3-A (rude – athletic -friendly) person is someone who likes to be with others.

B-Choose the correct letter.

- 1-While I am la...y, my sister is really hard-working.(z – c – w)
- 2-A fu....ny person is someone who makes you lough. (d - n - g)
- 3-The people who live in the city are always in a hu...ry.(e – q – r)

C-Match

1	unemployment		To make less
2	poverty		Being poor
3	to rely on		Lack of jobs
4	To reduce		to depend on

E-Write the missing letter



Back.....ack



Ma.....azine

D-Write the correct word under each picture. (guide – thief – fake – pedal cab)





Choose the correct answer:

- 1-A talkative person is someone(**who**- which – where) speaks a lot.
- 2-English is a language (**who** – **which** – where) is easy to learn.
- 3-My brother was watching TV (**when** – **while** – that) he was eating dinner.
- 4-Dad was drinking coffee (**when** – **while** – that) he was reading.
- 5-I would like to (books – booking – **book**) a room.
- 6- May I (spoken – spoke – **speak**) to the manager?

Do as shown between brackets.

a-(reorder)

- 1- I \ can \ use\ computer\ your \ ?
Can I use your computer?
- 2-we\ May\ have \ cookies \ some \ ?
May we have some cookies?

b-(Correct).

- 1-Ahmed was walking in the park **while** he saw Hameed. **when**
- 2-A clever person is someone **which** is intelligent. **who**
- 3-Faisal was listening to the football game **when** he was studying. **while**
- 4- Can I **asking** you a question? **ask**

c-(combine)

- 1- My father bought a car . It is BMW.
My father bought a car which is BMW.

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Grammar



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- 3-The people who live in the city are always in a hu...ry.(e – q – **r**)

C-Match

1	unemployment	4	to make less
2	poverty	2	Being poor
3	to rely on	1	Lack of jobs
4	To reduce	3	to depend on

E-Write the missing letter



Back**pac**k



Mag**az**ine

D-Write the correct word under each picture. (guide – thief – fake – pedal cap)



Pedal cab



fake



guide



thief



Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Have you done your H.W (yet – already – just) ?
- 2- He can't stand (wait – waits - waiting) in line.
- 3-it's (so – such- so many) a great movie that I've watched several times.
- 4- Sara has (just – yet – after) had a dinner.
- 5-There are (so many – so much – such) cars that we couldn't park.
- 6- It (must – can - can't)be rain. There isn't a cloud in the sky.

Do as shown between brackets.

A-(Correct)

- 1- Have you already **wash** the clothes?.....
- 2-Ali is **such** fast that he won the race.....
- 3- Ahmad enjoys **play** football.....
- 4-The criminal hasn't been arrested **just**.
- 5- Badria couldn't sleep last night. She **mustn't** be tired
- 6- I have **so many** H.W that I can't go to the party.....

B- (Rewrite each sentences).

- 1- Clean up the mess.
- 2- Put away the toys.....

C- (answer)

- 1- Has Faris fixed the door yet? -Yes,
- 2- Have you set the table yet? -No,

D- (reorder)

- a- cleaning / the house / can't stand / she
.....
- b- cooking / enjoy / I
.....

Grammar



A-Choose the correct answer

- 1-A (telemarketer- veterinarian- teacher) is a person that sells a product or service by phone.
- 2-It is very annoying when someone (stand – change – share) TV channel without asking.
- 3-(Graduation -Complaint – Travelling) is something that annoys other people regularly.

B-Choose the correct letter.

- 1- Blindness and paralysis are examples of disa..ilities (b – h – k)
- 2-Please stop using my hair d...yer. (w – r – q)

C- Match

1	let out		phone
2	clean up		make things neat
3	call up		return
4	give back		express yourself freely

E-Write the missing letter



Sha....poo



Hair bru....h

D-Write the correct word under each picture. (toothpaste - mirror - scissors -nail polish)



vocabulary



Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Have you done your H.W (yet – already – just) ?
- 2- He can't stand (wait – waits - waiting) in line.
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- 5-There are (so many – so much – such) cars that we couldn't park.
- 6- It (must – can - can't)be rain. There isn't a cloud in the sky.

Do as shown between brackets.

A-(Correct)

- 1- Have you already wash the clothes? **watched**
- 2-Ali is such fast that he won the race. **so**
- 3- Ahmad enjoys play football. **playing**
- 4-The criminal hasn't been arrested just. **yet**
- 5- Badria couldn't sleep last night. She mustn't be tired. **must**
- 6- I have so many H.W that I can't go to the party. **So much**

B- (Rewrite each sentences).

- 1- Clean up the mess. **Clean the mess up OR Clean it up**
- 2- Put away the toys. **Put the toys away OR Put them away.**

C- (answer)

- 1- Has Faris fixed the door yet? -Yes, **he already fixed the door.**
- 2- Have you set the table yet? -No, **I haven't set the table yet.**

D- (reorder)

- a- cleaning / the house / can't stand / she
she can't stand cleaning the house.
- b- cooking / enjoy / I
I enjoy cooking.

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Asma's world

Grammar



A-Choose the correct answer

- 1-A (telemarketer- veterinarian- teacher) is a person that sells a product or service by phone.
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- 1- Blindness and paralysis are examples of disa..ilities (b – h – k)
- 2-Please stop using my hair d...yer. (w – r – q)

C- Match

1	let out	3	phone
2	clean up	2	make things neat
3	call up	4	return
4	give back	1	express yourself freely

E-Write the missing letter



Shampoo



Hair brush

D-Write the correct word under each picture. (toothpaste - mirror - scissors -nail polish)



Nail polish



mirror



scissors



toothpaste

vocabulary



Choose the correct answer:

- 1-If you heat the ice, it (melt – melts – melting).
- 2-If we don't study , we may (fail – fails – failed)the test
- 3-I'd rather(read – reading – reads) a book than watch TV.
- 4-If he gets promoted , He may (made - make – makes)a party.
- 5-Sami would rather (drinking – drank – drink) coffee than tea
- 6-Faisal isn't rich. Faisal (wish - wishes – wishing)he were rich.

Do as shown between brackets.

A-(Correct)

- 1-If Ali studies hard this year, . he will gets good grades.....
- 2-If I go to the beach, I might going surfing.
- 3-I can't speak French. I wish I could speaks French.....
- 4-If they know the answer, they would tell us.

B-(Reorder)

1-study today \ I didn't\ I wish \ have to

.....

2 he \ could \ wishes \ Ali \ go surfing.

.....

Grammar



A-Match the words with their meanings

1	to fit in		a fine
2	to study		to be similar to or to blend with
3	a ticket		to prepare for a test
4	benefit		advantage

B.Choose the missing letter.

- 1- His a...bition is ultimately to run his own business.(m – p – s)
- 2-Albrecht Dürer is a famous artis.... (z – v - t) .
- 3-Car exhaust is the main reason for the city's po..lution. (k – l – d)

C- Write the missing letters

1- Ten...is



2- Gra...uation



D.Choose correct answer .

- 1-A (goldsmith – fishman - farmer) is someone who makes objects from gold.
- 2- Up in the air means (irresponsible – undecided – unhappy)
- 3- A (resort – bookstore - bank) is a place where many people go for rest.

vocabulary

B- write the correct word under each picture (bracelets - airshow - scenic - mines)



Choose the correct answer:

- 1-If you heat the ice, it (melt – **melts** – melting).
- 2-If we don't study , we may (**fail** – fails – failed)the test
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Do as shown between brackets.

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- 2-If I go to the beach, I might **going** surfing. **go**
- 3-I can't speak French. I wish I could **speaks** French. **speak**
- 4-If they **know** the answer, they would tell us. **knew**

B-(Reorder)

- 1-study today \ I didn't\ I wish \ have to
I wish I didn't have to study today.
- 2 he \ could \ wishes \ Ali \ go surfing.
Ali wishes he could go surfing.

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Asma's world

Grammar



A-Match the words with their meanings

1	to fit in	3	a fine
2	to study	1	to be similar to or to blend with
3	a ticket	2	to prepare for a test
4	benefit	4	advantage

B.Choose the missing letter.

- 1- His a...bition is ultimately to run his own business.(**m** – p – s)
- 2-Albrecht Dürer is a famous artis.... (z – v - **t**).
- 3-Car exhaust is the main reason for the city's po.lution. (k – **l** – d)

C- Write the missing letters

1- Tennis



2- Graduation



D.Choose correct answer .

- 1-A (**goldsmith** – fishman - farmer) is someone who makes objects from gold.
- 2- Up in the air means (irresponsible – **undecided** – unhappy)
- 3- A (**resort** – bookstore - bank) is a place where many people go for rest.

B- write the correct word under each picture (bracelets - airshow - scenic - mines)



Mines



airshow



scenic



bracelets



1. Choose the correct answer:

- 1-We expect you to (do- did - doing) your best in the exam.
- 2-I refuse to (try – tried - trying)) different kinds of foods.
- 3-It's rude to (talked - talk - talks) with your mouth full of food.
- 4-(watch – watching – watched)TV is a bit boring.
- 5-Had you ever eaten sushi before you (travel – traveling - traveled) to Japan?
- 6-Ahlan had (go – went – gone) to the park.

Grammar



2. Do as shown between brackets.

A-(Correct)

- 1- **Tip** is not common in Saudi Arabia.
- 2- Omar tried to **slept** on time.
- 3-Had she **lives** in Dubai?
- 4-We decide to **travelling** to Abha.

b-(Reorder)

a- to stand \ for a bus \It's polite\ in line .

.....

b-be sure /to have / great time

.....

A-Complete the sentences.

- 1-In many Asian countries, people eat with(knives – hand – chopsticks).
- 2-Fatimah was a(lion - fish – rabbit)out of water because she did not understand the Chinese language.
- 3-In many countries, people(remove – watch - drive) their shoes before entering a home,

B-Match the words with their meanings.

1	homesick	Beliefs about what is right or wrong
2	flexible	Missing home and family
3	values	Able to change in different situation
4	newcomer	Person who has arrived recently

E- write the missing letter



.....ud



Noo...les

C- Choose the missing letter.

- 1-It's polite to ti... the person who delivers the pizza to your house.(p – s – w)
- 2-In Japan, business people e...change cards. (c - x – d)

D- Write the correct word under each picture(chopsticks – lawyer - business card -subway)





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Asma's world



1. Choose the correct answer:

- 1-We expect you to (do- did - doing) your best in the exam.
- 2-I refuse to (try – tried - trying)) different kinds of foods.
- 3-It's rude to (talked - talk - talks) with your mouth full of food.
- 4-(watch – watching – watched)TV is a bit boring.
- 5-Had you ever eaten sushi before you (travel – traveling - traveled) to Japan?
- 6-Ahlan had (go – went – gone) to the park.

2. Do as shown between brackets.

A-(Correct)

- 1- **Tip** is not common in Saudi Arabia. **Tipping**
- 2- Omar tried to **slept** on time. **sleep**
- 3-Had she **lives** in Dubai? **lived**
- 4-We decide to **travelling** to Abha. **travel.**

b-(Reorder)

- a- to stand \ for a bus \It's polite\ in line .
it's polite to stand in line for a bus.
- b-be sure /to have / great time
Be sure to have great time.

Grammar



A-Complete the sentences.

- 1-In many Asian countries, people eat with(knives – hand – chopsticks).
- 2-Fatimah was a(lion - fish – rabbit)out of water because she did not understand the Chinese language.
- 3-In many countries, people(remove – watch - drive) their shoes before entering a home.

B-Match the words with their meanings.

1	homesick	3	Beliefs about what is right or wrong
2	flexible	1	Missing home and family
3	values	2	Able to change in different situation
4	newcomer	4	Person who has arrived recently

E- write the missing letter



mud



Noodles

C- Choose the missing letter.

- 1-It's polite to ti... the person who delivers the pizza to your house.(p – s – w)
- 2-In Japan, business people e...change cards. (c - x – d)

D- Write the correct word under each picture(chopsticks – lawyer - business card -subway)



chopsticks



subway



lawyer



business card



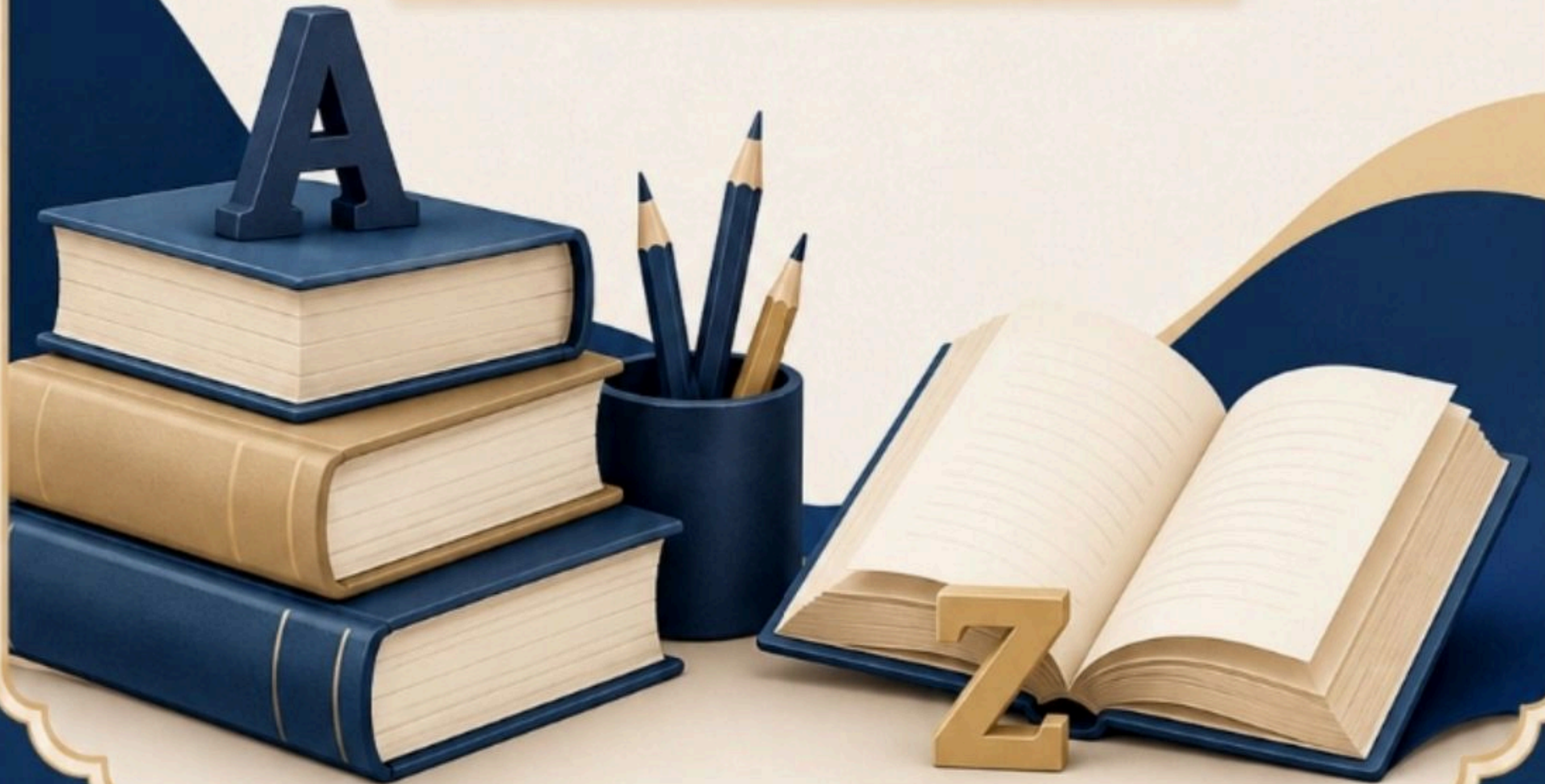
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ملخص و مراجعة

اللغة الانجليزية

• للصف الثالث المتوسط •

• الفصل الدراسي الثاني •





Name/.....Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1-Let's (go - goes - went) to the mall today?
- 2- Sara eats pizza , (does she - doesn't she - don't she) ?
- 3- Why don't we (studying - study - studied) for the exam?
- 4-When I was young, I was able to (swim - swims - swam) .
- 6-They aren't doctors, (do they - are they - did they) ?
- 7- Ahmad will (was able - is able - be able) to repair the car in two days.
- 8- You took my book, (doesn't you - didn't you - don't you) ?



B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- Ali was able to skating when he was 12. (correct)
- 2- Samar is a nurse,? (complete the tag question)
- 3- They haven't eaten lunch, have they? (Answer the tag question)
- 4- Watch / don't / a / Why / we/ movie/ ?. (reorder)
- 5- order / a taxi. (make a suggestion)
- 6-coming with us? (write a negative question)
Yes, she is coming with us.



Vocabulary

A-Choose the correct answer:-

- 1-is to think wrongly that a person is someone else is.
a) coincidence b) confuse c) three children born at the same time
- 2- They did not plan to meet. It was a
a) triplets b) coincidence c) vacuum cleaner
- 3- He used theto cut the grass.
a) plates b) teddy bear c) lawn mower

B- Choose the word that has the same meaning (synonym) :

- 1- giggle = (cry - scream - laugh)
- 2- well known = (unknown - famous - happy)

C- Choose the word that has the opposite meaning (antonym):







1- similarities X (differences - advantages - devices)

D-Match column (A) with the right choice in column (B):-

(A)	answer	(B)
1- Show someone around	()	a) a child who has lost his parents.
2- Is that so?	()	b) act as a guide.
3-Hereditiy	()	c) What you get from your parents.
		d) A way to show surprise.

E-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(hammer - hose - broom - saw - screw driver - triplets)

		
.....
		
.....

Orthography

A-Rearrange the letters to form the correct word:-

1- The prophet Muhammad was an(phoran).His father died before he was born.

2- Sara and Nora are(wtins). They look exactly alike.

B-Fill in the blanks with the correct letters:

1- I read a tou...hing story

2- His car was in the gara....e.



Name/.....Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1- Let's (**go** - goes - went) to the mall today? let's الفعل يكون أساسي بدون إضافات بعدها
- 2- Sara eats pizza , (does she - **doesn't she** - don't she) ? إذا كان الشق الأول من السؤال مثبت يكون الثاني منفي واخترنا هذا الجواب لان سارة مفرد
- 3- Why don't we (studying - **study** - studied) for the exam? بعدها فعل أساسي
- 4- When I was young, I was able to (**swim** - swims - swam). to الفعل يكون أساسي بدون إضافات بعدها
- 6- They aren't doctors, (do they - **are they** - did they) ? إذا كان الشق الأول من السؤال منفي يكون الثاني مثبت
- 7- Ahmad will (was able - is able - **be able**) to repair the car in two days. لفعل يكون أساسي بدون will إضافات بعدها
- 8- You took my book, (doesn't you - **didn't you** - don't you) ? إذا كان الشق الأول من السؤال مثبت يكون الثاني منفي واخترنا هذا الجواب لان الفعل ماضي

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- Ali was able to skating when he was 12. (**correct**)
skate
- 2- Samar is a nurse,? (**complete the tag question**)
isn't she إذا كان الشق الأول من السؤال مثبت يكون الثاني منفي
- 3- They haven't eaten lunch, have they? (**Answer the tag question**)
No, they haven't. إذا كان الشق الأول من السؤال منفي تكون نفي وإذا كان مثبت فالإجابة مثبتة
- 4- Watch / don't / a / Why / we/ movie/ ?. (**reorder**)
Why don't we watch a movie?
- 5- order / a taxi. (**make a suggestion**)
Let's order a taxi.
- 6- ...**Isn't she**...coming with us? (**write a negative question**)
Yes, she is coming with us.

Vocabulary

A-Choose the correct answer:-

- 1-is to think wrongly that a person is someone else is.
a) coincidence b) **confuse** c) three children born at the same time
- 2- They did not plan to meet. It was a
a) triplets b) **coincidence** c) vacuum cleaner
- 3- He used theto cut the grass.
a) plates b) teddy bear c) **lawn mower**

B- Choose the word that has the same meaning (synonym) :

- 1- giggle = (cry - scream - **laugh**)



2- well known = (unknown - **famous** - happy)

C- Choose the word that has the opposite meaning (antonym):



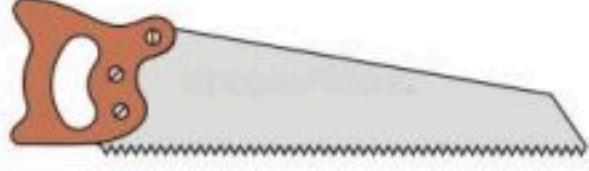



1- similarities X (**differences** - advantages - devices)

D-Match column (A) with the right choice in column (B):-

(A)	answer	(B)
1- Show someone around	(b)	a) a child who has lost his parents.
2- Is that so?	(d)	b) act as a guide.
3-Hereditiy	(c)	c) What you get from your parents.
		d) A way to show surprise.

E-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(hammer - hose - broom - saw - screw driver - triplets)

		
hose	Screw driver	saw
		
broom	hammer	triplets

Orthography

A-Rearrange the letters to form the correct word:-

1- The prophet Muhammad was an**orphan**.....(phoran).His father died before he was born.

2- Sara and Nora are**twins**.....(wtins). They look exactly alike.

B-Fill in the blanks with the correct letters:

1- I read a tou...**c**.hing story

2- His car was in the gara...**g**..e.



Name/..... Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1- My friend is a fast driver. He drives (**most fast** - fast - more fast).
- 2- You (**must** - mustn't - shouldn't) wear a seatbelt to avoid accidents.
- 3-He was talking on his cell phone.(**Since** -Because of - Consequently), he had an accident.
- 4- I did my homework (**correctly** - corrects - correcting) .
- 5- He told me not to (**talking** - talks - talk) to him.
- 6- (**Turn** - Turned - Turns) on the lights, please.
- 7-''Can you help me?'' . My mother (**asked** - told - read) me to help her.
- 8-(**As a result** - This - Since) teens are immature, they aren't responsible drivers.



B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- Reema is a hard worker. (Rewrite using an adverb of manner)
.....
- 2- Would you give me a pencil? (Accept the request)
.....
- 3- She walks slow. (correct)
.....
- 4- ''close the door'' The teacher said to her students. (report the command)
.....
- 5- Schools were closed consequently Corona virus. (correct)
.....
- 6- You should eating healthy food. (correct)
.....

Vocabulary

A-Choose the correct answer:-

- 1- FranceMorocco.
a) conquered b) danced c) wrote
- 2- It is ain Japan to eat with chopsticks.
a) ignation b) dashboard c) custom
- 3- Detective Conanthe clues to solve the crime.
a) blow b) investigated c) played



B- Choose the word that has the same meaning (synonym) :

- 1- recklessly = (carefully - dangerously - happily)

C- Choose the word that has the opposite meaning (antonym):





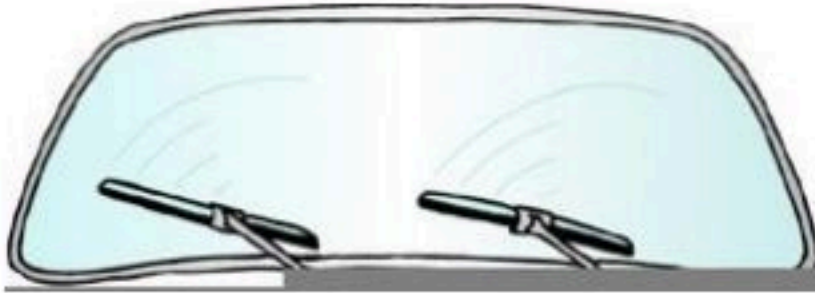

- 1- departure X (sword - arrival - serious)
 2- Interior X (exterior - inside - camera)

D-Match column (A) with the right choice in column (B):-

(A)	answer	(B)
1- Hey	()	a) A direction of change, a tendency.
2- You can't be serious	()	b) Study and research.
3-trend	()	c) Used to attract someone's attention.
		d) Used to express surprise.

E-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(Windshield - escalator - wagon - danger - no parking - steering wheel)

		
.....
		
.....

Orthography

A-Choose the correctly spelled words:

- 1- The soldiers used to usein wars.
 a- wsrod b- sword c-dowrs
- 2- You can useto get directions.
 a- SPG b-PGS c-GPS



B-Fill in the blanks with the correct letters:

- 1- You have to follow the road s.....gns. 2- A.....oid playing with fire.



Name/..... Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1- My friend is a fast driver. He drives (**most fast** - **fast** - **more fast**).
- 2- You (**must** - **mustn't** - **shouldn't**) wear a seatbelt to avoid accidents.
- 3- He was talking on his cell phone. (**Since** - **Because of** - **Consequently**), he had an accident.
- 4- I did my homework (**correctly** - **corrects** - **correcting**) .
- 5- He told me not to (**talking** - **talks** - **talk**) to him.
- 6- (**Turn** - **Turned** - **Turns**) on the lights, please.
- 7- "Can you help me?". My mother (**asked** - **told** - **read**) me to help her.
- 8- (**As a result** - **This** - **Since**) teens are immature, they aren't responsible drivers.



B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- Reema is a hard worker. (Rewrite using an adverb of manner)
Reema works hard.
- 2- Would you give me a pencil? (Accept the request)
Sure
- 3- She walks slow. (correct)
slowly
- 4- "close the door" The teacher said to her students. (report the command)
The teacher told her students to close the door.
- 5- Schools were closed consequently Corona virus. (correct)
because of / او due to
- 6- You should eating healthy food. (correct)
eat لازم المصدر بدون إضافات eat

Vocabulary

A-Choose the correct answer:-

- 1- FranceMorocco.
a) **conquered** b) danced c) wrote
- 2- It is ain Japan to eat with chopsticks.
a) ignition b) dashboard c) **custom**
- 3- Detective Conanthe clues to solve the crime.
a) blow b) **investigated** c) played



B- Choose the word that has the same meaning (synonym) :

- 1- recklessly = (carefully - **dangerously** - happily)

C- Choose the word that has the opposite meaning (antonym):

- 1- departure X (sword - arrival - serious)
 2- Interior X (exterior - inside - camera)

D-Match column (A) with the right choice in column (B):-

(A)	answer	(B)
1- Hey	<u>(c)</u>	a) A direction of change, a tendency.
2- You can't be serious	<u>(d)</u>	b) Study and research.
3-trend	<u>(a)</u>	c) Used to attract someone's attention.
		d) Used to express surprise.

E-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(Windshield - escalator - wagon - danger - no parking - steering wheel)

		
No parking	Steering wheel	danger
		
wagon	Windshield	escalator

Orthography

A-Choose the correctly spelled words:

- 1- The soldiers used to usein wars.
 a- wsrod b- sword c-dowrs
- 2- You can useto get directions.
 a- SPG b-PGS c-GPS



B-Fill in the blanks with the correct letters:

- 1- You have to follow the road s...i...gns. 2- A...v..oid playing with fire.



Name/.....Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1- The man (which - where - who) was sitting under the tree is my friend.
- 2- While my mom was cooking lunch, I (watching - was watching - are watching) TV.
- 3- I was looking at the store window when the thief(grab- grabbed - grabs) my cellphone.
- 4- The cat (who - when - which) is sleeping is mine.
- 6- He would like to (book - books - booked) a room.
- 7- May I (asking - ask - asks) you a question?
- 8- My brothers were playing football (while - why - when) I went out.



B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- I like stores.....offer sale. (use a suitable relative pronoun)
- 2- The kids were eating when their dad was calling. (correct)
- 3- They pray. Their friends study. (change to the past progressive with 'while')
- 4- Go to the bathroom. (Ask for permission)
- 5- Can I speak to the manager? (refuse)
- 6- Ahmad is a doctor. He helps sick people. (combine using a suitable relative pronoun)

Vocabulary

A-Choose the correct answer:-

- 1- That watch isn't real. It is
 a) steal b) fake c) cake
- 2- I am very.....about the future.
 a) funny b) lazy c) optimistic
- 3- A talkative person is someone who.....
 a) isn't polite b) speaks a lot c) makes you laugh



B-Circle the odd word:-

Kind - lazy - talkative - disease

C- Choose the word that has the same meaning (synonym) :

- 1- quiet = (lazy - silent - talkative)
- 2- efficient = (funny - athletic - hard working)

C- Choose the word that has the opposite meaning (antonym):







- 1- polite X (rude - sleepy - nice)
 2- optimistic X (serious - pessimistic - cool)

D-Match column (A) with the right choice in column (B):-

(A)	answer	(B)
1- Unemployment	()	a) to depend on.
2- A real treat	()	b) Something very pleasant.
3- rely on	()	c) to make less.
		d) Lack of jobs.

E-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(flyers - pedal cab - fake - thief - in a hurry - tourist)

		
.....
		
.....

Orthography

A-Rearrange the letters to form the correct word:-

- 1- Can I(rrowbo) a pen , please?
 2- I was in a(hyurr) and almost missed the bus.

B-Fill in the missing letters to make correct sentences:-

- 1- I mean is a p....rase to introdu....e an explanation of what one has said.

C-Choose the correct letter to complete the word:

- 1- Many people live in p.....verty. (a - o - u)
 2- The guide gave directions to the tour....sts. (i - a - e)

C- Choose the word that has the opposite meaning (antonym):

- 1- polite X (rude - sleepy - nice)
 2- optimistic X (serious - pessimistic - cool)

D-Match column (A) with the right choice in column (B):-

(A)	answer	(B)
1- Unemployment	(d)	a) to depend on.
2- A real treat	(b)	b) Something very pleasant.
3- rely on	(a)	c) to make less.
		d) Lack of jobs.

E-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(flyers - pedal cab - fake - thief - in a hurry - tourist)

		
Thief	fake	in a hurry
		
Pedal cab	flyers	tourist

Orthography

A-Rearrange the letters to form the correct word:-

- 1- Can Iborrow.....(rrowbo) a pen , please?
 2- I was in ahurry.....(hyurr) and almost missed the bus.

B-Fill in the missing letters to make correct sentences:-

- 1- I mean is a p...h...rase to introdu...c...e an explanation of what one has said.

C-Choose the correct letter to complete the word:

- 1- Many people live in p.....verty. (a - o - u)
 2- The guide gave directions to the tour....sts. (i - a - e)

Revision Unit (10) "Who used my toothpaste?"

Name/.....Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1- My house (**which** - where - who) was quite small, was in Taif.
- 2- Have you finished using the scissors (**just** - yet - yesterday) ?
- 3- I have (**so many** - so much - such) homework that I can't go out tonight.
- 4- That's impossible. It (**must** - can - can't) be true.
- 5- I dislike people (**who** - whose - which) behavior is rude.
- 6- I haven't (**make** - making - made) a decision yet.
- 7- I have (**yet** - already - so) done my homework.
- 8- Ahmad is (**so much** - so many - so) intelligent that he answers the questions quickly.
- 9- I can't stand (**listening** - listen - listens) to music.
- 10- Khalid studied hard for the test. He (**can't** - must - mustn't) succeed.
- 11- Ali is just joking. He (**can** - must - can't) be serious.
- 12- Have you cleaned your room (**yet** - just - such)?
- 13- Your shoes are dirty. Please take (**it** - them - her) off.
- 14- Have you (**yet** - already - ago) washed the clothes?
- 15- We can't stand (**waiting** - wait - waits) in a line.
- 16- Mona couldn't study today, she (**can't** - must - mustn't) be sick.
- 17- Amal could not sleep last night. She (**must** - mustn't - can't) be tired.
- 18- He can't (**standing** - stands - stand) waiting in line.
- 19- Naif has (**yet** - just - such) finished his meal.
- 20- I enjoy (**play** - plays - playing) with my friends.
- 21- the trash can is full , so I'm going to take (**them** - him - it) out.
- 22- My parents told me to stop (**use** - used - using) my cellphone during lunch.
- 23- You haven't cleaned your room (**just** - already - yet).
- 24- My friends enjoy (**watch** - watched - watching) TV.
- 25- Please turn (**up** - down - in) the TV , I want to sleep.
- 26- A good student is someone (**whose** - who - where) studies well.
- 27- I hate (**being** - be - been) in a dirty room.
- 28- Faris has (**yet** - just - since) answered the phone.
- 29- I don't care for people (**whose** - who - where) ringtone is loud.
- 30- It was (**so** - such - that) a difficult test that none of the students did well.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

1- out / the / garbage / take (rearrange)

.....

2- up / the / clean / mess (rearrange)

.....

- 3- They did a good job. It looks professional. (use: such....that)
.....
- 4- He is fast. He won the race. (join the sentence using sothat)
.....
- 5- Put away your clothes.
(rewrite the sentence in another way giving the same meaning)
.....
- 6- Put away the toys.
(rewrite the sentence in another way giving the same meaning)
.....
- 7- He has so much books that he can hardly carry them. (correct)
.....
- 8- It gets on my nerves when people say things who aren't true. (correct)
.....
- 9- You haven't eaten all day. Yoube hungry. (Use : can't or must)
- 10- Faris has already come home. (make a question)
.....
- 11- We miss eat my mom's food. (correct)
.....
- 12- They stop (complete using a gerund)

Vocabulary

A-Choose the correct answer:-

- 1- She usedto cut off his shirt .
a) shampoo b) scissors c) hair dryer
- 2- My.....studies at the university.
a) custom b) nephew c) nail polish
- 3- I want toyour hair dryer.
a) Borrow b) ticket c) chopsticks
- 4- You use a toothbrush and ato brush your teeth.
a) hair brush b)toothpaste c)dish
- 5- Salma washed her hair. She used
a) shampoo b)dishwashing liquid c)hair brush
- 6- An electricmakes cleaning my teeth much easier.
a)scissors b)toothbrush c)shampoo

B-Circle the odd word:-

- Dishwashing liquid - poverty - clean up the room - take out the garbage
Coffee - water - tea - sky
Cold - hot - event - warm
Call up - Irritate - get under my skin - drives me crazy

C- Choose the word that has the same meaning (synonym) :

- 1- annoying = (relaxing - irritating - sleeping)
 2- seniors = (young - elderly - smart)

D- Choose the word that has the opposite meaning (antonym):










- 1- took over X (gave up - learn - call)
 2- received X (drove - sent - ate)

E-Match column (A) with the right choice in column (B):-

(A)	answer	(B)
1- she <u>took care</u> of the children	()	a) the son of your brother or sister.
2- Their <u>nephew</u> was here.	()	b) This has gone too far.
3- That's a bit too much	()	c) On time.
4- Amina had already gone. <u>At long last!</u>	()	d) to look after.
5- He is always <u>punctual</u> .	()	e) Get under your skin.
6- Let out	()	f) Finally
7- Give back	()	g) Make things neat
8- Call up	()	h) Express yourself freely.
9- Clean up	()	i) Let someone have.
10-Give up	()	j) Return.
11-Irritate	()	k) Phone.
12-To find out	()	l) To learn

F-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(scissors - hair dryer - nail polish - dishwashing liquid - people - garbage - lazy - toothpaste - escalator)

		
.....
		
.....
		
.....

Orthography

A-Rearrange the letters to form the correct word:-

- 1- I brush my (theet).
- 2- Please stop playing that(emga).

B-Fill in the missing letters to make correct sentences:-

- 1- He saw himself in a mi _ror.
- 2- I 've got a comp__aint.
- 3- I hate this pr_gram. I am going to turn it of_.

C-Choose the correct letter to complete the word:

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| 1- Tell me your co.....plaint. | (a - m - u) |
| 2- My n.....pnew loves soccer. | (i - a - e) |
| 3- Brush your teeth with toohpa.....te. | (s - r - k) |
| 4- Sami was doing a research pro.....ect. | (g - j - f) |
| 5- Can I b.....rrow a pen, please? | (a - u - o) |

D-Unscramble the letters to form the right words under the pictures:

		
i / r / m / r / r / o	s / d / h / i / s / e	p / h / w / e / e / n
.....

E-Write the missing letters:

	
F_sh o_t of w_te_	Roo_

F-Choose the correctly spelled words:

- 1- I need tomy cat. (fede - feed - feid)
- 2- Water is (likuid - lequed - liquid)



Revision Unit (10) "Who used my toothpaste?"

Name/..... Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1- My house (**which** - where - who) was quite small, was in Taif. لأنه جمد
- 2- Have you finished using the scissors (just - **yet** - yesterday) ?
- 3- I have (so many - **so much** - such) homework that I can't go out tonight. غير محدود لأنها عامة
- 4- That's impossible. It (must - can - **can't**) be true.
- 5- I dislike people (who - **whose** - which) behavior is rude. لأن بعدها اسم whose
- 6- I haven't (make - making - **made**) a decision yet. يكون معه التصريف الثالث present perfect
- 7- I have (yet - **already** - so) done my homework. فعلته من قبل
- 8- Ahmad is (so much - so many - **so**) intelligent that he answers the questions quickly. بعدها صفة
- 9- I can't stand (**listening** - listen - listens) to music. بعد هذا الفعل gerund (v.ing)
- 10- Khalid studied hard for the test. He (can't - **must** - mustn't) succeed.
- 11- Ali is just joking. He (can - must - **can't**) be serious.
- 12- Have you cleaned your room (**yet** - just - such)? تأتي في نهاية الأسئلة والجمل المنفية ومعناها حتى الآن
- 13- Your shoes are dirty. Please take (it - **them** - her) off. جمع فنختار ضمير الجمع shoes
- 14- Have you (yet - **already** - ago) washed the clothes?
- 15- We can't stand (**waiting** - wait - waits) in a line.
- 16- Mona couldn't study today, she (can't - **must** - mustn't) be sick. ماذا كررت فأكدت تعبانه
- 17- Amal could not sleep last night. She (**must** - mustn't - can't) be tired.
- 18- He can't (**standing** - stands - **stand**) waiting in line. بعدها base verb
- 19- Naif has (yet - **just** - such) finished his meal. انتهى وجبته للتو
- 20- I enjoy (play - plays - **playing**) with my friends. بعد هذا الفعل gerund (v.ing)
- 21- The trash can is full , so I'm going to take (them - him - **it**) out. لأنها مفرد
- 22- My parents told me to stop (use - used - **using**) my cellphone during lunch.
- 23- You haven't cleaned your room (just - already - **yet**). جملة منفية
- 24- My friends enjoy (watch - watched - **watching**) TV.
- 25- Please turn (up - **down** - in) the TV , I want to sleep. قصر التلفزيون اريد ان انام
- 26- A good student is someone (whose - **who** - where) studies well. لأن بعدها فعل
- 27- I hate (**being** - be - been) in a dirty room. بعد هذا الفعل gerund
- 28- Faris has (yet - **just** - since) answered the phone.
- 29- I don't care for people (**whose** - who - where) ringtone is loud. بعدها اسم
- 30- It was (so - **such** - that) a difficult test that none of the students did well. بعدها

B- Do as shown between brackets:

1- out / the / garbage / take (**rearrange**)

Take out the garbage / take the garbage out.

2- up / the / clean / mess (**rearrange**)

Clean up the mess / clean the mess up.



Call up - Irritate - get under my skin - drives me crazy كلهم مترادفات ماعدا هي

C- Choose the word that has the same meaning (synonym) :

- 1- annoying = (relaxing - **irritating** - sleeping)
 2- seniors = (young - **elderly** - smart)

D- Choose the word that has the opposite meaning (antonym):

- 1- took over X (**gave up** - learn - call)
 2- received X (drove - **sent** - ate)

E-Match column (A) with the right choice in column (B):-

(A)	answer	(B)
1- she <u>took care</u> of the children	(d)	a) the son of your brother or sister.
2- Their <u>nephew</u> was here.	(a)	b) This has gone too far.
3- That's a bit too much	(b)	c) On time.
4- Amina had already gone. <u>At long last!</u>	(f)	d) to look after.
5- He is always <u>punctual</u> .	(c)	e) Get under your skin.
6- Let out	(h)	f) Finally
7- Give back	(j)	g) Make things neat
8- Call up	(k)	h) Express yourself freely.
9- Clean up	(g)	i) Let someone have.
10-Give up	(i)	j) Return.
11-Irritate	(e)	k) Phone.
12-To find out	(l)	l) To learn

F-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(scissors - hair dryer - nail polish - dishwashing liquid - people - garbage - lazy - toothpaste - escalator)

		
Hair dryer	Dishwashing liquid	toothpaste
		
Nail polish	scissors	people



lazy



Escalator



garbage

Orthography

A-Rearrange the letters to form the correct word:-

- 1- I brush my teeth..... (theet).
- 2- Please stop playing thatgame(emga).

B-Fill in the missing letters to make correct sentences:-

- 1- He saw himself in a mi r...ror.
- 2- I 've got a complaint.
- 3- I hate this program. I am going to turn it of f.

C-Choose the correct letter to complete the word:

- 1- Tell me your co.....plaint. (a - m - u)
- 2- My n.....pew loves soccer. (i - a - e)
- 3- Brush your teeth with toohpa.....te. (s - r - k)
- 4- Sami was doing a research pro.....ect. (g - j - f)
- 5- Can I b.....orrow a pen, please? (a - u - o)

D-Unscramble the letters to form the right words under the pictures:



i / r / m / r / r / o

mirror



s / d / h / i / s / e

dishes



p / h / w / e / e / n

nephew

E-Write the missing letters:



Fish out of water



Room

F-Choose the correctly spelled words:

- 1- I need tomy cat. (fede - feed - feid)
- 2- Water is (likuid - lequed - liquid)

Name/..... Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1- I'd rather (**watched** - watch - watches) a movie at home than go out.
- 2- If Ali gets the job, he (**be** - will be - will is) happy.
- 3- If it doesn't rain tomorrow, we (**go** - had gone - will go) to the museum.
- 4- If I were you, I (**would** - should - mustn't) study more.
- 5- I wish I (**has** - have - had) a new mobile.
- 6- If she studies math well, she will (**passes** - passing - pass) the exam.
- 7- Khalid isn't famous. He wishes he (**was** - is - are).
- 8- If you don't leave now, you will (**be** - is - are) late.
- 9- If you put water in the freezer, it (**became** - become - becomes) ice.
- 10- I'd rather (**goes** - go - going) camping than staying in a hotel.
- 11- If they (**build** - built - builds) a new highway, the farmers would be affected.
- 12- If I (**is** - am - were) rich, I wouldn't have to work.
- 13- They wish they (**can** - will - could) speak Italian.
- 14- I wish I (**doesn't** - didn't - don't) have to study today.



B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- If I had more money, I can travel more. (correct)
.....
- 2- I can speak Chinese. (use " wish ")
.....
- 3- I'd rather drinking coffee in the morning. (correct)
.....
- 4- If she tells her parents the truth, they will be happy. (make it negative)
.....
- 5- If I were rich, I (complete)
- 6- If Sami gets the job, he be happy. (correct)
.....
- 7- If he (not obey) the speed limit, he will get a ticket. (make it negative)
.....
- 8- If you drop an apple, it (fall) to the ground. (use the correct form)
.....
- 9- If Lama spends less time playing, she may does better at school. (correct)
.....
- 10- What will happen if we build a road around the world? (answer the question)
.....

11- Ahmad is going to visit AlOla and Neom. Would you rather go on vacation to another city or stay at home?

..... (answer the question)

12- I can't speak French.

..... (use 'wish')

Vocabulary

A- Choose the correct answer: -

1- If you speed along the road, you'll get a

a) gift

b) discount

c) ticket

2- The wind turbines were able toenough power to sustain the entire town.

a) generate

b) benefit

c) calculate

3- My plans are still.....

a) up in the air

b) scholarship

c) chopsticks

4- I can'tmy mind where to take my vacation.

a) study

b) reply

c) make up

5-is damaging our Earth.

a) pollution

b) conservationist

c) environment

6- I booked a flight with a popular.....

a) soup

b) airline

c) masterpiece

7- Planting trees is good for the

a) airshow

b) environment

c) money

8- At an, we can see flying airplanes performing tricks.

a) igloo

b) airshow

c) umbrella

9-are people who work to save the environment.

a) Maneuvers

b) Conservationists

c) Choices

B- Choose the word that has the same meaning (synonym) :

1- pursue = (follow - give up - write)

2- sobbed = (laughed - slept - cried)

C- Choose the word that has the opposite meaning (antonym):

1- triumphant X (defeated - selfish - dumb)

2- pass X (small - fail - snack)

D-Match column (A) with the right choice in column (B):-

(A)	answer	(B)
1- to study	()	a) Undecided.
2- to fit in	()	b) Decide.
3- a ticket	()	c) A way to introduce an opinion.
4- benefit	()	d) to prepare for a test.
5- Scenic	()	e) advantage.
6- airshow	()	f) to be similar to or to blend with
7- up in the air	()	g) a fine.
8- make up your mind	()	h) with beautiful views.
9- It seems to me	()	i) Public event where aircrafts perform various maneuvers.
10-interfere	()	j) A pact.
11-scholarship	()	k) Interrupt.
12-agreement	()	l) Money or support given to a student for education.

E-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(farmer - graduation - airshow - route - resort - tennis - pollution - goldsmith - choice - mine - palms - bracelet)

					
.....
					
.....

Orthography

A-Rearrange the letters to form the correct word:-

1- I think it is the(ghtri) choice.

2- Drawing is her (latent).



B-Fill in the missing letters to make correct sentences:-

- 1- Stu__ means to prepar_ for a test.
- 2- We need to save the envi_onment.
- 3- You have a lot of options, make up your m_nd.

C-Choose the correct letter to complete the word:

- 1- The Mona Lisa is a ma_terpiece. (a - s - u)
- 2- Omar might have an ac_ident. (i - a - c)
- 3- Bahrain is an i_land. (s - r - k)
- 4- You have to fulfill your am_ition. (g - b - f)

D-Fill in the blanks with the correct letters:

	
Gro_p	S_eed

E-Choose the correctly spelled words:

- 1- You should rest. Your face is
 - a- Pael
 - b- Pale
 - c- Baile

- 2- What is your? Tea or coffee.
 - a- preference
 - b- brefrence
 - c- prifrence



Name/..... Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1- I'd **rather** (watched - **watch** - watches) a movie at home than go out. بعده فعل أساسي بدون إضافات
- 2- If Ali gets the job, he (be - **will be** - will is) happy. شي بالمستقبل وليس حقيقة علمية.
- 3- If it doesn't rain tomorrow, we (go - had gone - **will go**) to the museum.
- 4- If I **were** you, I (**would** - should - mustn't) study more. ماضي
- 5- I **wish** I (has - have - **had**) a new mobile.
- 6- If she studies math well, she **will** (passes - passing - **pass**) the exam. بعدها فعل أساسي
- 7- Khalid isn't famous. He **wishes** he (**was** - is - are). أمنية نستخدم ماضي.
- 8- If you don't leave now, you **will** (**be** - is - are) late.
- 9- If you put water in the freezer, **it** (became - become - **becomes**) ice. لأنها حقيقة علمية.
- 10- I'd **rather** (goes - **go** - going) camping than staying in a hotel.
- 11- If they (build - **built** - builds) a new highway, the farmers **would** be affected. ماضي
- 12- If I (is - am - **were**) rich, I wouldn't have to work. لأنه خيال
- 13- They **wish** they (can - will - **could**) speak Italian. أمنية
- 14- I **wish** I (doesn't - **didn't** - don't) have to study today.



B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- If I had more money, I **can** travel more. (correct)
could
- 2- I can speak Chinese. (use " wish ")
I wish I could speak Chinese.
- 3- I'd rather **drinking** coffee in the morning. (correct)
drink
- 4- If she **tells** her parents the truth, they **will** be happy. (make it negative)
doesn't tell / won't
- 5- If I were rich, **I would travel the world.** او أي إجابة مناسبة (complete)
- 6- If Sami gets the job, he **be** happy. (correct)
will be
- 7- If he (**not obey**) the speed limit, he will get a ticket. (make it negative)
doesn't obey
- 8- If you drop an apple, it (**fall**) to the ground. (use the correct form)
falls
- 9- If Lama spends less time playing, she may **does** better at school. (correct)
do
- 10- What will happen if we build a road around the world? (answer the question)
People could travel more easily. او أي إجابة مناسبة.

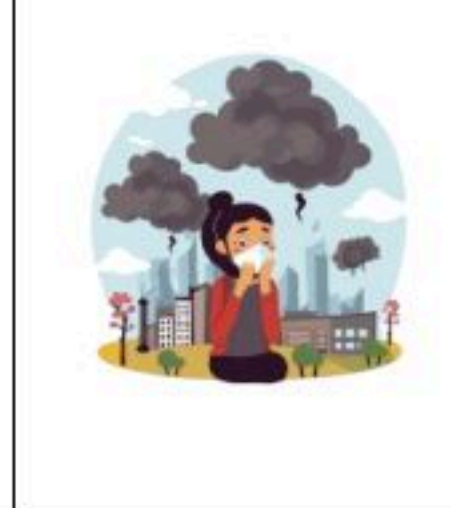


D-Match column (A) with the right choice in column (B):-

(A)	answer	(B)
1- to study	(d)	a) Undecided.
2- to fit in	(f)	b) Decide.
3- a ticket	(g)	c) A way to introduce an opinion.
4- benefit	(e)	d) to prepare for a test.
5- Scenic	(h)	e) advantage.
6- airshow	(i)	f) to be similar to or to blend with
7- up in the air	(a)	g) a fine.
8- make up your mind	(b)	h) with beautiful views.
9- It seems to me	(c)	i) Public event where aircrafts perform various maneuvers.
10-interfere	(k)	j) A pact.
11-scholarship	(l)	k) Interrupt.
12-agreement	(j)	l) Money or support given to a student for education.

E-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(farmer - graduation - airshow - route - resort - tennis - pollution - goldsmith - choice - mine - palms - bracelet)

					
airshow	farmer	pollution	graduation	tennis	route
					
choice	goldsmith	Palms	resort	Bracelet	mine

Orthography

A-Rearrange the letters to form the correct word:-

- 1- I think it is the**right**.....(ghtri) choice.
- 2- Drawing is her**talent**..... (latent).





B-Fill in the missing letters to make correct sentences:-

- 1- Studyy means to prepare for a test.
- 2- We need to save the environment.
- 3- You have a lot of options, make up your mind.

C-Choose the correct letter to complete the word:

- 1- The Mona Lisa is a materpiece. (a - s - u)
- 2- Omar might have an acident. (i - a - c)
- 3- Bahrain is an island. (s - r - k)
- 4- You have to fulfill your ambition. (g - b - f)

D-Fill in the blanks with the correct letters:

	
Group	Speed

E-Choose the correctly spelled words:

- 1- You should rest. Your face is
a- Pael
b- Pale
c- Baile

- 2- What is your? Tea or coffee.
a- preference
b- brefrence
c- prifrence

Name/.....Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1- She used to(drink - drinks - drinking) coffee in the morning, but now she drinks tea.
- 2- He has gotten used to (driving - drives - drive) on the left side of the road.
- 3- It isn't easy to get used to (stand - stands - standing) in line at the bus stop.
- 4-I didn't remember to (brings - bring - bringing) my toothbrush .
- 5-Had you ever (eaten - eat - eats) sushi before you travelled to Japan ?
- 6- I would like to (books - booking - book) a room.
- 7- She expected (paying - to pay - pays)a lot of money for hotels.
- 8- He promised (to visit - visited - visits) us tomorrow.
- 9- (Play - Playing - Plays)football is my favorite sport.
- 10- My friends enjoy (watch - watches - watching) TV.
- 11-We didn't expect the guests (arriving - to arrive - arrives) so late.
- 12- Deema (is eating - had eaten - ate) dinner before she finished her homework.
- 13-The teacher expects students to (pay - pays - paying) attention during class.
- 14- (Swim - Swimming - Swims) is my favorite hobby.
- 15- Try not to (tip - tips - tipping) in China.
- 16-By the time we got to the airport, our flight (have - has - had) already left.
- 17- I had never been abroad until I (went - go - gone) Paris last year.
- 18-Everyone (took - had taken - takes) their shoe off before they entered the mosque.



B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- please / polite to / say / It is. (rearrange the words)
.....
- 2- money / to save / a good idea / It is. (rearrange the words)
.....
- 3- He.....(eat) sushi is a Saudi restaurant before he travelled to Japan .
(write the correct form of the verb)
.....
- 4- Be punctual is important in Germany. (correct)
.....
- 5- We didn't expect to arriving late. (correct)
.....
- 6- good idea / follow / local customs. (use infinitives, add ' It is 'where necessary)
.....
- 7- Try to be neat all the time. (make it negative)
.....
- 8- sleep early. (make an advice)
.....

9-Please remember (take) your passport with you when you travel.

(write the correct form of the verb)

10-.....is my favorite hobby.

(use gerund)

11-He had had the cars for ten years. He sold it.

(join using : before)

12-After she (go) to the hotel, Amani exchanged some money.

(write the correct form of the verb)

Vocabulary

A-Choose the correct answer:-

1- Japanese people usually eat sushi using.....

a) spoon

b) fork

c) chopsticks

2- I'm sorry I'm late the road was really.....

a) nice

b) crowded

c) boring

3- My brotherfrom university last year.

a) graduated

b) steal

c) care

4- When surprised someone might say.....

a) dressed

b) up in the air

c) no kidding

5- Anwar misses her family. She feels.....

a) homesick

b) flexible

c) environment

6- The horses makeas they run.

a) dust

b) fire

c) water

7- In Mexico, all university graduates have asuch as Licenciado

a) title

b) carpet

c) money

8- In England, a favorite topic of conversation is to talk about the.....

a) makeup

b) weather

c) bears

9- It is important to bein Germany.

a) late

b) punctual

c) sleepy

10- Eating dinner late is a common custom incountries.

a) Asian

b) European

c) Mediterranean

11- In China ,isn't practiced.

a) tipping

b) drawing

c) eating

12-Removing shoes before entering a home is customary in

a) The United States

b) India

c) Germany

13-In the United States, always remember to

a) dust













b) tip

c) leave



E-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(skyscrapers - chopsticks - tip - queue - lawyer - dust - porter - mud - gestures - handshake - carpet - pocket)

					
.....
					
.....

Orthography

A-Rearrange the letters to form the correct word:-

- 1- The adjustment(**saeph**) can last six months or longer.
- 2-(**vererse**) culture shock is when a person comes back to the home country.

B-Fill in the missing letters to make correct sentences:-

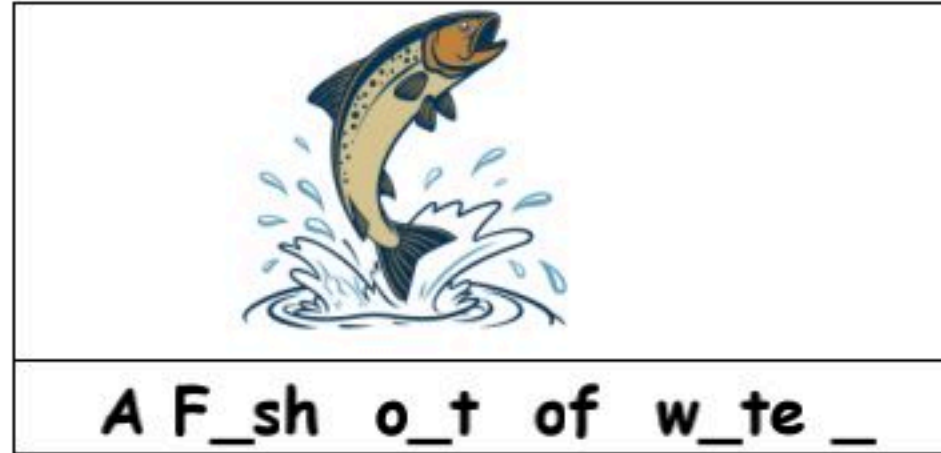
- 1- Each country has its own cu_toms.
- 2- Travelling is a good way to lea_n other cul_ures.
- 3- When in Ro_e, do as the Roma_s do.

C-Choose the correct letter to complete the word:

- 1- Being late makes a bad i_pression. (m - s - u)
- 2- She waited for her turn pa_iently. (i - a - t)
- 3- She bum_ed into her friend yesterday. (p - r - k)
- 4- He sp_ead cheese on his bread. (r - b - f)



D-Fill in the blanks with the correct letters:



E-Choose the correctly spelled words:

1- Don'tyour personal information with strangers.

- a- exchange
- b- ixchange
- c- exshange

2- Hisis ALAhmad.

- a- sername
 - b- surname
 - c- curname
-



Name/.....Class/.....

Grammar

A- Choose the correct answers:

- 1- She used to (drink - drinks - drinking) coffee in the morning, but now she drinks tea.
- 2- He has gotten used to (driving - drives - drive) on the left side of the road.
- 3- It isn't easy to get used to (stand - stands - standing) in line at the bus stop.
- 4- I didn't remember to (brings - bring - bringing) my toothbrush.
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- 18- Everyone (took - had taken - takes) their shoe off before they entered the mosque.



B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- please / polite to / say / It is. (rearrange the words)
It is polite to say please.
- 2- money / to save / a good idea / It is. (rearrange the words)
It is a good idea to save money.
- 3- He.....(eat) sushi is a Saudi restaurant before he travelled to Japan .
(write the correct form of the verb)
had eaten
- 4- Be punctual is important in Germany. (correct)
Being
- 5- We didn't expect to arriving late. (correct)
arrive
- 6- good idea / follow / local customs. (use infinitives, add " It is " where necessary)
It is a good idea to follow local customs.
- 7- Try to be neat all the time. (make it negative)
Try not to be neat all the time.
- 8- sleep early. (make an advice)
Make sure to sleep early. / Be sure to sleep early. / Remember to sleep early.

9-Please remember (take) your passport with you when you travel.

(write the correct form of the verb)

to take

10-Reading/Swimming.....is my favorite hobby.

(use gerund)

11-He had had the cars for ten years. He sold it.

(join using : before)

He had had the car for ten years before he sold it.

12-After she (go) to the hotel, Amani exchanged some money.

(write the correct form of the verb)

had gone

Vocabulary

A-Choose the correct answer:-

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b) drawing

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12-Removing shoes before entering a home is customary in

a) The United States

b) India

c) Germany

13-In the United States, always remember to













a) dust

b) tip

c) leave

E-Write the correct word under the correct picture:-

(skyscrapers - chopsticks - tip - queue - lawyer - dust - porter - mud - gestures - handshake - carpet - pocket)

					
porter	carpet	dust	pocket	queue	Handshake
					
Tip	Chopsticks	Mud	skyscrapers	lawyer	gestures

Orthography

A-Rearrange the letters to form the correct word:-

- 1- The adjustment **phase** (saeph) can last six months or longer.
- 2- **Reverse** (vererse) culture shock is when a person comes back to the home country.

B-Fill in the missing letters to make correct sentences:-

- 1- Each country has its own **cus**tom**s**.
- 2- Travelling is a good way to **lea**r**n** other **cul**t**u**res.
- 3- When in **Rom**e, do as the **Roman**s do.

C-Choose the correct letter to complete the word:

- 1- Being late makes a bad i_**m**pression. (**m** - s - u)
- 2- She waited for her turn pa_**t**iently. (i - a - **t**)
- 3- She **b**um_**p**ed into her friend yesterday. (**p** - r - k)
- 4- He sp_**r**ead cheese on his bread. (**r** - b - f)

D-Fill in the blanks with the correct letters:



E-Choose the correctly spelled words:

1- Don'tyour personal information with strangers.

a- exchange

b- ixchange

c- exshange

2- Hisis AlAhmad.

a- sername

b- surname

c- curname



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Revision Sheet _ Unit (7) : It's a Good Deal, Isn't it?

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

broom – fan – teapot – hammer – saw



B- Classify the words:

knife – screwdriver – vacuum cleaner – pliers – saucers – hose

Things used for cleaning	Things used for cooking	Things used for repairing

C- Circle the odd word:

- 1- **Things used for cleaning:** vacuum cleaner – hose – plates – broom
- 2- **Things used for cooking:** spoon – fork – cup – teddy bear
- 3- **Things used for repairing:** rocking chair – hammer – saw – pliers

D- Match:

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| 1- coincidence | a- three children born at the same time |
| 2- confuse | b- what you get from your parents |
| 3- orphan | c- a situation in which two things happen together by chance |
| 4- triplets | d- think wrongly that a person is someone else |
| | e- a child who has lost his parents |

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

antique – guess – heredity – lawn mower – talkative

- 1- I don't know the answer, so I had to
- 2- My friend is a person.
- 3- We need a to cut the grass.
- 4- They have a lot of furniture in their house.

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- He is a teacher, (**is he – isn't he – is he not**)?
- 2- He eats pizza, (**don't he – doesn't he – didn't he**)?
- 3- They eat pizza, (**don't they – doesn't they – didn't they**)?
- 4- She ate a burger, (**don't she – doesn't she – didn't she**)?
- 5- They aren't doctors, (**aren't they – are they – do they**)?
- 6- He doesn't play football, (**is he – does he – doesn't he**)?
- 7- They've graduated, (**did they – have they – haven't they**)?
- 8- When I was young, I (**was able to – were able to – be able to**) run fast.
- 9- When they were young, they (**was able to – were able to – be able to**) ride horses.
- 10- He will (**was able to – were able to – be able to**) repair our car in three days.
- 11- Let's (**go – went – going**) to the park this afternoon.
- 12- Why don't we (**ordering – orders – order**) a pizza?

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- watch / a movie **(Make a suggestion)**
.....
- 2- Why don't we have a garage sale?
..... **(Accept the suggestion)**
..... **(Refuse the suggestion)**
- 3- **(Complete the tag questions)**
 - a- Hind didn't buy the cups,?
 - b- Dana is a nurse,?
 - c- She works in a bank,?
 - d- Ali doesn't have a car,?
 - e- They aren't football players,?
 - f- You travelled to Taif last weekend,?
- 4- **(Write a negative question)**
Yes, she is going to meet you at 5 o'clock.
- 5- **(Complete the sentence using 'be able to')**
 - a- Hatem take part in this competition tomorrow.
.....
 - b- Ali skate better when he was 12.
.....
 - c- They do difficult exercises when they were young.
.....

Revision Sheet _ Unit (7) : It's a Good Deal, Isn't it?

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

broom – fan – teapot – hammer – saw



fan



saw



broom



hammer

B- Classify the words:

knife – screwdriver – vacuum cleaner – pliers – saucers – hose

Things used for cleaning	Things used for cooking	Things used for repairing
vacuum cleaner	knife	screwdriver
hose	saucers	pliers

C- Circle the odd word:

- Things used for cleaning: vacuum cleaner – hose – **plates** – broom
- Things used for cooking: spoon – fork – cup – **teddy bear**
- Things used for repairing: **rocking chair** – hammer – saw – pliers

D- Match:

- coincidence
 - confuse
 - orphan
 - triplets
- three children born at the same time
 - what you get from your parents
 - a situation in which two things happen together by chance
 - think wrongly that a person is someone else
 - a child who has lost his parents

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

antique – guess – heredity – lawn mower – talkative

- I don't know the answer, so I had to **guess**.
- My friend is a **talkative** person.
- We need a **lawn mower** to cut the grass.
- They have a lot of **antique** furniture in their house.

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- He is a teacher, (is he – **isn't he** – is he not)?
- 2- He eats pizza, (don't he – **doesn't he** – didn't he)?
- 3- They eat pizza, (**don't they** – doesn't they – didn't they)?
- 4- She ate a burger, (don't she – doesn't she – **didn't she**)?
- 5- They aren't doctors, (aren't they – **are they** – do they)?
- 6- He doesn't play football, (is he – **does he** – doesn't he)?
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- 8- When I was young, I (**was able to** – were able to – be able to) run fast.
- 9- When they were young, they (**was able to** – **were able to** – be able to) ride horses.
- 10- He will (**was able to** – were able to – **be able to**) repair our car in three days.
- 11- Let's (**go** – went – going) to the park this afternoon.
- 12- Why don't we (**ordering** – orders – **order**) a pizza?

B- Do as shown between brackets:

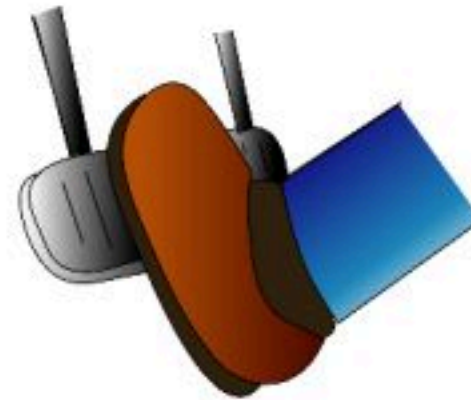
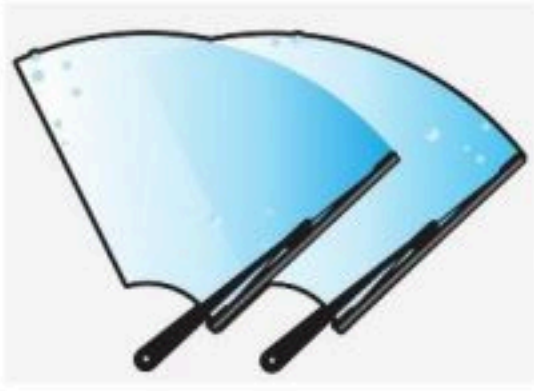
- 1- watch / a movie (Make a suggestion)
Let's watch a movie. or Why don't we watch a movie.
- 2- Why don't we have a garage sale?
OK. or Sure. or That's a good idea. (Accept the suggestion)
Sorry, I can't. (Refuse the suggestion)
- 3- (Complete the tag questions)
 - a- Hind didn't buy the cups, **did she?**
 - b- Dana is a nurse, **isn't she?**
 - c- She works in a bank, **doesn't she?**
 - d- Ali doesn't have a car, **does he?**
 - e- They aren't football players, **are they?**
 - f- You travelled to Taif last weekend, **didn't you?**
- 4- **Isn't she going to meet me at 5 o'clock?** (Write a negative question)
Yes, she is going to meet you at 5 o'clock.
- 5- (Complete the sentence using 'be able to')
 - a- Hatem take part in this competition tomorrow.
Hatem will be able to take part in this competition tomorrow.
 - b- Ali skate better when he was 12.
Ali was able to skate better when he was 12.
 - c- They do difficult exercises when they were young.
They were able to do different exercises when they were young.

Revision Sheet _ Unit (8) : Drive Slowly!

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

ignition – rearview mirror – windshield wipers – steering wheel – brake pedal



B- Classify the words:

trunk – Stop – No Entry – hood

Traffic signs	Parts of the car

C- Circle the odd word:

- 1- **Traffic signs:** Speed Limit – Danger – gas tank – Pedestrian Crossing
 2- **Parts of the car:** bumper – slowly – signal light – dashboard

D- Match:

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| 1- investigate | a- something that is usually done |
| 2- custom | b- study and research |
| 3- trend | c- uncertainty about what happened |
| 4- conquered | d- a direction of change, a tendency |
| | e- took control of (a country, city etc.) through the use of force |

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

seat belt – obey – license – horn – aggressive

- 1- He was arrested for driving without a
 2- Make sure you fasten your
 3- He is an driver.
 4- We must the road signs.

F- Match the opposites:

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1- exterior | a- wrong |
| 2- slowly | b- interior |
| 3- right | c- carefully |
| | d- quickly |

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- You (**must – mustn't – shouldn't – should**) honk your horn. It's a hospital area.
- 2- You (**must – mustn't – shouldn't – should**) listen to your teacher.
- 3- You (**must – mustn't – shouldn't – should**) help your classmates.
- 4- You (**must – mustn't – shouldn't – should**) come to school when you are ill.
- 5- I did my homework (**correct – correctly**).
- 6- My friend is a fast driver. He drives (**fast – fastly**).
- 7- Mona is a good cook. She cooks (**good – well**).
- 8- Dana is a hard worker. She works (**hard – hardly**).
- 9- (**Must – Should – Can**) you go with me?

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- (**Rewrite the sentences using adverbs of manner**)

a- Rana is a quiet talker.

.....

b- Omar is a reckless driver.

.....

c- Nasser is a good player.

.....

- 2- (**Report the requests and commands**)

a- Nada: "Clean the room".

.....

b- Reem: "Don't open the window".

.....

c- Hanan: "Can you carry the bag?"

.....

- 3- Can you help me?

.....

(Agree)

.....

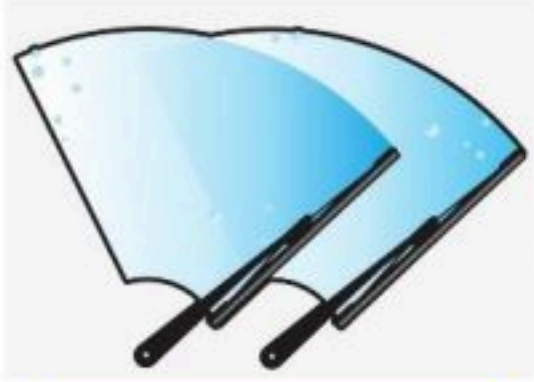
(Refuse)

Revision Sheet _ Unit (8) : Drive Slowly!

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

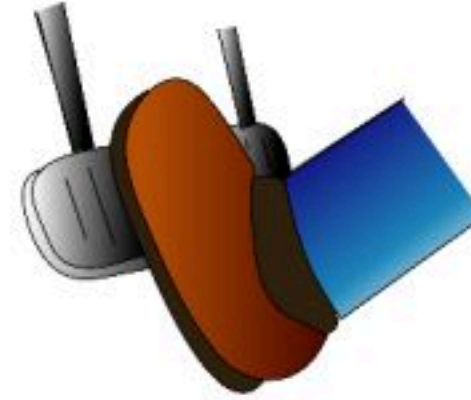
ignition – rearview mirror – windshield wipers – steering wheel – brake pedal



windshield wipers



ignition



brake pedal



rearview mirror

B- Classify the words:

trunk – Stop – No Entry – hood

Traffic signs	Parts of the car
Stop	trunk
No Entry	hood

C- Circle the odd word:

- 1- Traffic signs: Speed Limit – Danger – **gas tank** – Pedestrian Crossing
 2- Parts of the car: bumper – **slowly** – signal light – dashboard

D- Match:

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| 1- investigate | a- something that is usually done |
| 2- custom | b- study and research |
| 3- trend | c- uncertainty about what happened |
| 4- conquered | d- a direction of change, a tendency |
| | e- took control of (a country, city etc.) through the use of force |

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

seat belt – obey – license – horn – aggressive

- 1- He was arrested for driving without a **license**.
 2- Make sure you fasten your **seat belt**.
 3- He is an **aggressive** driver.
 4- We must **obey** the road signs.

F- Match the opposites:

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1- exterior | a- wrong |
| 2- slowly | b- interior |
| 3- right | c- carefully |
| | d- quickly |

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- You (**must** – **mustn't** – **shouldn't** – **should**) honk your horn. It's a hospital area.
- 2- You (**must** – **mustn't** – **shouldn't** – **should**) listen to your teacher.
- 3- You (**must** – **mustn't** – **shouldn't** – **should**) help your classmates.
- 4- You (**must** – **mustn't** – **shouldn't** – **should**) come to school when you are ill.
- 5- I did my homework (**correct** – **correctly**).
- 6- My friend is a fast driver. He drives (**fast** – **fastly**).
- 7- Mona is a good cook. She cooks (**good** – **well**).
- 8- Dana is a hard worker. She works (**hard** – **hardly**).
- 9- (**Must** – **Should** – **Can**) you go with me?

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- (Rewrite the sentences using adverbs of manner)

- a- Rana is a quiet talker.
Rana talks quietly.
- b- Omar is a reckless driver.
Omar drives recklessly.
- c- Nasser is a good player.
Nasser plays well.

- 2- (Report the requests and commands)

- a- Nada: "Clean the room".
Nada told me to clean the room.
- b- Reem: "Don't open the window".
Reem told me not to open the window.
- c- Hanan: "Can you carry the bag?"
Hanan asked me to carry the bag.

- 3- Can you help me?

Sure. or No problem.

(Agree)

Sorry, I can't. or Not now. I'm busy.

(Refuse)

Revision Sheet _ Unit (9) : All Kinds of People

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

thief – pedal cab – flyers – spill – athletic



B- Classify the words:

polite – rude – honest – pessimistic

☺ Good manners	☹ Bad manners

C- Circle the odd word:

- 1- generous – selfish – kind – clever
- 2- absentminded – talkative – patient – liar

D- Match:

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1- poverty | a- lack of jobs |
| 2- to establish | b- being poor |
| 3- loan | c- to make less |
| 4- unemployment | d- to create |
| | e- money you borrow |

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

persuasive – serious – on duty – hail – steal

- 1- Shall we a taxi?
- 2- A person is someone who gets other to do what he/she wants or to think a certain way.
- 3- There were two security guards outside the building.
- 4- I caught him trying to my bike.

F- Match the opposites:

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1- optimistic | a- lazy |
| 2- polite | b- friendly |
| 3- hardworking | c- unreliable |
| 4- reliable | d- pessimistic |
| | e- rude |

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- An oven is a machine (**who – which – when – where**) is used for cooking food.
- 2- A clown is a person (**who – which – when – where**) makes children laugh.
- 3- A fashionable person is someone (**that – which – when – where**) dresses well.
- 4- That isn't the laptop (**who – that – when – where**) is on sale.
- 5- My brother was wating TV while he (**eat – eats – ate – was eating**) dinner.
- 6- Ahmed was walking in the park when he (**see – sees – saw – was seeing**) Hameed.
- 7- Hind (**study – studies – studied – was studying**) for the math test when the phone rang.
- 8- Dad (**drink – drinks – drank – was drinking**) coffee while he was reading the newspaper.
- 9- May I (**ask – asks – asked – asking**) you a question?
- 10- I would like (**book – books – to book – booking**) a room.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- They (**surf**) when it started to rain. (Correct the verb)
.....
- 2- Mom was cutting some vegetables (**while**) she cut her finger. (Correct the mistake)
.....
- 3- Could I speak to the manager?
..... (Agree)
..... (Refuse)

Revision Sheet _ Unit (9) : All Kinds of People

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

thief – pedal cab – flyers – spill – athletic



flyers



thief



spill



pedal cab

B- Classify the words:

polite – rude – honest – pessimistic

☺	☹
Good manners	Bad manners
polite	rude
honest	pessimistic

C- Circle the odd word:

- generous – selfish – kind – clever
- absentminded – talkative – patient – liar

D- Match:

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1- poverty | a- lack of jobs |
| 2- to establish | b- being poor |
| 3- loan | c- to make less |
| 4- unemployment | d- to create |
| | e- money you borrow |

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

persuasive – serious – on duty – hail – steal

- Shall we hail a taxi?
- A persuasive person is someone who gets other to do what he/she wants or to think a certain way.
- There were two security guards on duty outside the building.
- I caught him trying to steal my bike.

F- Match the opposites:

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1- optimistic | a- lazy |
| 2- polite | b- friendly |
| 3- hardworking | c- unreliable |
| 4- reliable | d- pessimistic |
| | e- rude |

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- An oven is a machine (**who – which – when – where**) is used for cooking food.
- 2- A clown is a person (**who – which – when – where**) makes children laugh.
- 3- A fashionable person is someone (**that – which – when – where**) dresses well.
- 4- That isn't the laptop (**who – that – when – where**) is on sale.
- 5- My brother was watching TV while he (**eat – eats – ate – was eating**) dinner.
- 6- Ahmed was walking in the park when he (**see – sees – saw – was seeing**) Hameed.
- 7- Hind (**study – studies – studied – was studying**) for the math test when the phone rang.
- 8- Dad (**drink – drinks – drank – was drinking**) coffee while he was reading the newspaper.
- 9- May I (**ask – asks – asked – asking**) you a question?
- 10- I would like (**book – books – to book – booking**) a room.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

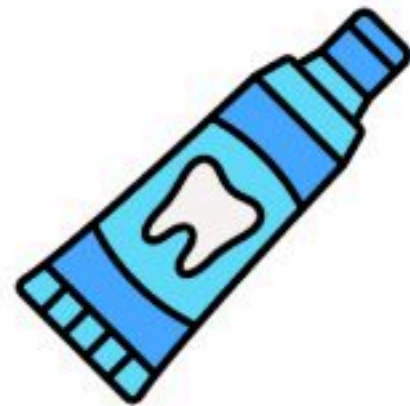
- 1- They (**surf**) when it started to rain. (Correct the verb)
They were surfing when it started to rain.
- 2- Mom was cutting some vegetables (**while**) she cut her finger. (Correct the mistake)
Mom was cutting some vegetables when she cut her finger.
- 3- Could I speak to the manager?
Sure (Agree)
I am sorry, but he is busy now. (Refuse)

Revision Sheet _ Unit (10) : Who Used My Toothpaste?

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

nail polish – toothpaste – hairbrush – hair dryer – dishwashing liquid



B- Classify the words:

clean up after meals – don't take out the garbage – say 'please' and 'thank you' – chewing with mouth opens

Good manner	Bad manner

C- Circle the odd word:

1- 'irritate' means: drive you crazy – get under your skin – piece of cake – annoy

D- Match:

- | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| 1- let down | a- let someone have |
| 2- find out | b- learn |
| 3- give back | c- phone |
| 4- give up | d- express yourself freely |
| | e- return |

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

borrow – turn down – clean up – nephew – feed

- 1- A is a son of one's brother or sister.
- 2- The baby can't itself yet.
- 3- Would you your radio a little?
- 4- Help me the house.

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- Have you done the dishes (**already – just – yet – since**)?
- 2- I have (**just – yet – since – for**) washed the clothes.
- 3- I haven't washed the clothes (**just – yet – since – for**).
- 4- Faris has (**since – for – yet – already**) come home.
- 5- I can't stand (**wait – waits – to wait – waiting**) in line.
- 6- He enjoys (**read – reads – reading – to read**) novels.
- 7- I can't stop (**drank – drinking – drinks – drink**) tea and coffee.
- 8- Dana couldn't sleep last night. She (**can't – is – must – didn't**) be tired.
- 9- Rana's just joking. She (**can't – is – must – did**) be serious.
- 10- The meal was (**so – such – so many – so much**) delicious that we ate too much.
- 11- John is (**so – such – so many – so much**) a naughty boy that nobody likes him.
- 12- I have (**so – so many – so much – such**) watches that I can't decide which one to wear.
- 13- He put (**so – so many – so much – such**) salt that we couldn't eat it.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- (Complete the sentences with so many or so much)
 - a- He has money that he could buy any house in the city.
 - b- He has books that he can hardly carry them.

- 2- (Complete the sentence with so or such):
 - a- It was expensive that we couldn't afford it.
 - b- There was bad weather that we had to stay home all day.

- 3- (Combine the sentences with so...that or such...that)
 - a- It was a beautiful day. We decided to go for a drive after school.
.....
 - b- The music was loud. We called the police.
.....

- 4- (Rewrite each sentence with a two-word verb in two ways)
 - a- Turn off the TV.
.....
.....
 - b- Take out the garbage.
.....
.....

- 5- Amal has done the grocery shopping. (Use already)
.....

- 6- Sara has put her jacket in the closet. (Use yet)
.....

- 7- done/the dishes/hasn't/Jana/yet (Unscramble the sentences)
.....

- 8- I hate (**be**) in a dirty room, so I do the chores. (Correct the verb)
.....

Revision Sheet _ Unit (10) : Who Used My Toothpaste?

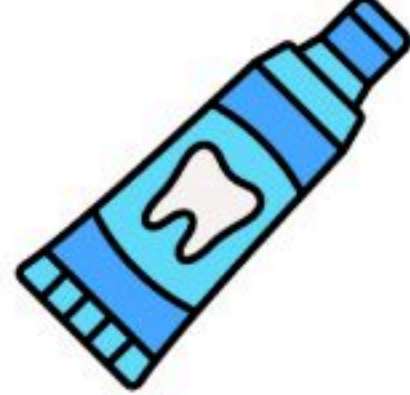
I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

nail polish – toothpaste – hairbrush – hair dryer – dishwashing liquid



hair dryer



toothpaste



dishwashing liquid



nail polish

B- Classify the words:

clean up after meals – don't take out the garbage – say 'please' and 'thank you' –
chewing with mouth opens

Good manner	Bad manner
clean up after meals	don't take out the garbage
say 'please' and 'thank you'	chewing with mouth opens

C- Circle the odd word:

1- 'irritate' means: drive you crazy – get under your skin – piece of cake – annoy

D- Match:

- | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| 1- let down | a- let someone have |
| 2- find out | b- learn |
| 3- give back | c- phone |
| 4- give up | d- express yourself freely |
| | e- return |

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

borrow – turn down – clean up – nephew – feed

- 1- A **nephew** is a son of one's brother or sister.
- 2- The baby can't **feed** itself yet.
- 3- Would you **turn down** your radio a little?
- 4- Help me **clean up** the house.



II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- Have you done the dishes (**already** – **just** – **yet** – **since**) ?
- 2- I have (**just** – **yet** – **since** – **for**) washed the clothes.
- 3- I haven't washed the clothes (**just** – **yet** – **since** – **for**).
- 4- Faris has (**since** – **for** – **yet** – **already**) come home.
- 5- I can't stand (**wait** – **waits** – **to wait** – **waiting**) in line.
- 6- He enjoys (**read** – **reads** – **reading** – **to read**) novels.
- 7- I can't stop (**drank** – **drinking** – **drinks** – **drink**) tea and coffee.
- 8- Dana couldn't sleep last night. She (**can't** – **is** – **must** – **didn't**) be tired.
- 9- Rana's just joking. She (**can't** – **is** – **must** – **did**) be serious.
- 10- The meal was (**so** – **such** – **so many** – **so much**) delicious that we ate too much.
- 11- John is (**so** – **such** – **so many** – **so much**) a naughty boy that nobody likes him.
- 12- I have (**so** – **so many** – **so much** – **such**) watches that I can't decide which one to wear.
- 13- He put (**so** – **so many** – **so much** – **such**) salt that we couldn't eat it.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- (Complete the sentences with so many or so much)
 - a- He has **so much** money that he could buy any house in the city.
 - b- He has **so many** books that he can hardly carry them.
- 2- (Complete the sentence with so or such):
 - a- It was **so** expensive that we couldn't afford it.
 - b- There was **such** bad weather that we had to stay home all day.
- 3- (Combine the sentences with so...that or such...that)
 - a- It was a beautiful day. We decided to go for a drive after school.
It was such a beautiful day that we decided to go for a drive after school.
 - b- The music was loud. We called the police.
The music was so loud that we called the police.
- 4- (Rewrite each sentence with a two-word verb in two ways)
 - a- Turn off the TV.
Turn the Tv off.
Turn it off.
 - b- Take out the garbage.
Take the garbage out.
Take it out.
- 5- Amal has done the grocery shopping. (Use already)
Amal has already done the grocery shopping.
- 6- Sara has put her jacket in the closet. (Use yet)
Sara has put her jacket in the closet yet.
- 7- done/the dishes/hasn't/Jana/yet (Unscramble the sentences)
Jana hasn't done the dishes yet.
- 8- I hate (**be**) in a dirty room, so I do the chores. (Correct the verb)
I hate being in a dirty room, so I do the chores.

Revision Sheet _ Unit (11) : Making Choices

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

farmer – airshow – resort – graduation – pollution



B- Match:

- 1- up in the air
- 2- make up your mind
- 3- a ticket
- 4- benefit
- 5- scenic

- a- advantage
- b- decide
- c- undecided
- d- a fine
- e- to prepare for a test
- f- with beautiful views

C- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

scenic – pass – involve – choice – care

- 1- Did you your final exam?
- 2- She had to make a between the two dresses.
- 3- I'll take of my parents when they get old.
- 4- Our hotel had a beauty of the countryside.

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- If you come home late, your mother (**is being – will be – would be**) angry.
- 2- If he (**cheat – cheats – cheating**) on exams, he won't learn anything.
- 3- If you heat ice, it (**melt – melts – will melt**).
- 4- I'd rather (**eat – eats – eating**) carrots for lunch.
- 5- If I won a million dollars, I (**put – will put – would put**) the money in a bank.
- 6- If you (**have – has – had**) a better job, we would be able to buy a new car.
- 7- If she (**bought – buys – buy**) some new clothes, she would look much nicer.
- 8- I wish I (**live – lives – lived**) in a big house in the city.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

1- (Correct the verb)

- a- If you mix red and blue, you (**would get**) purple.

.....

- b- If he spoke more clearly, people (**understand**) him.

.....

- c- If it (not rain), we will go for a walk.

.....

Revision Sheet _ Unit (11) : Making Choices

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

farmer – airshow – resort – graduation – pollution



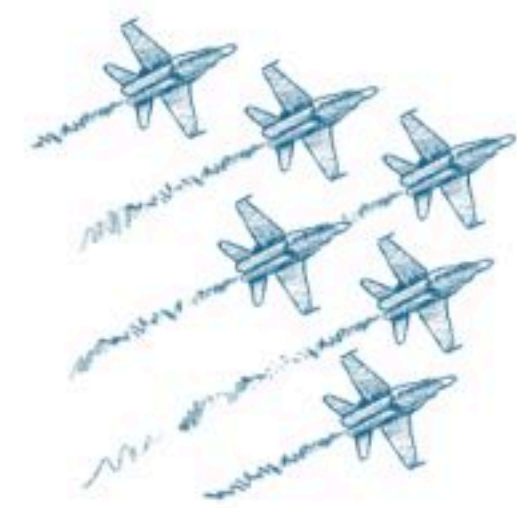
graduation



farmer



pollution



airshow

B- Match:

1- up in the air

2- make up your mind

3- a ticket

4- benefit

5- scenic

a- advantage

b- decide

c- undecided

d- a fine

e- to prepare for a test

f- with beautiful views

C- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

scenic – pass – involve – choice – care

1- Did you **pass** your final exam?

2- She had to make a **choice** between the two dresses.

3- I'll take **care** of my parents when they get old.

4- Our hotel had a **scenic** beauty of the countryside.

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- If you come home late, your mother (**is being** – **will be** – **would be**) angry.
- 2- If he (**cheat** – **cheats** – **cheating**) on exams, he won't learn anything.
- 3- If you heat ice, it (**melt** – **melts** – **will melt**).
- 4- I'd rather (**eat** – **eats** – **eating**) carrots for lunch.
- 5- If I won a million dollars, I (**put** – **will put** – **would put**) the money in a bank.
- 6- If you (**have** – **has** – **had**) a better job, we would be able to buy a new car.
- 7- If she (**bought** – **buys** – **buy**) some new clothes, she would look much nicer.
- 8- I wish I (**live** – **lives** – **lived**) in a big house in the city.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

1- (Correct the verb)

- a- If you mix red and blue, you (**would get**) purple.
If you mix red and blue, you **get** purple.
- b- If he spoke more clearly, people (**understand**) him.
If he spoke more clearly, people **would understand** him.
- c- If it (not rain) , we will go for a walk.
If it **doesn't rain**, we will go for a walk.

Revision Sheet _ Unit (12) : Culture Shock

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

chopsticks – porter – lawyer – mud – pocket



B- Match:

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| 1- flexible | a- person who has arrived recently |
| 2- frustrating | b- an expression of surprise and disbelief |
| 3- homesick | c- annoying because you can't do something you want |
| 4- newcomer | d- something new and interesting |
| 5- no kidding! | e- able to change in different situation |
| | f- missing home and family |

C- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

host – tip – remove – punctual – expect

- 1- She is always, but her friend is always late.
- 2- He gave the porter a
- 3- She was a generous
- 4- Please help me to the table to the corner.

D- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- 'Being in a new place and not being comfortable' means:

a- Fish out of water	b- Culture shock
----------------------	------------------
- 2- 'The period of adjustment when someone moves to a new country' is the definition of:

a- Fish out of water	b- Culture shock
----------------------	------------------
- 3- A is a person who greets or welcomes a guest.

a- guest	b- host
----------	---------
- 4- The opposite of 'polite' is:

a- inpolite	b- impolite
-------------	-------------

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- I forgot (**take – takes – took – to take**) my vitamins today.
- 2- It is important (**be – being – to be – was**) patient.
- 3- She decided (**study – studies – studied – to study**) abroad.
- 4- Make sure (**turn – turned – turning – to turn**) off the light before you leave.
- 5- It is polite for businessman (**shake – to shake – shaking – shakes**) hands.
- 6- (**Travel – Travels – Travelling – Travelled**) is a good way to learn about other cultures.
- 7- I am not used to (**eats – to eat – eating – ate**) with chopsticks.
- 8- It isn't easy to get used to (**live – lives – lived – living**) in a new cultural environment.
- 9- She used to (**drinking – drinks – drink – drank**) coffee in the morning, but now she drinks tea.
- 10- By the time we arrived at the station, the bus (**leave – left – had left – leaving**).
- 11- Before we sold our car, we (**own – owned – has owned – had owned**) it for 12 years.
- 12- After the guests had left, I (**go – went – going – had gone**) to bed.
- 13- Until they found a new job, they (**be – being – was – had been**) unemployed for years.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- After she (**move**) out, I found her notes. **(Correct the verb)**
.....
- 2- By the time we (**come**), she had finished the project. **(Correct the verb)**
.....
- 3- **(Complete the sentences using a gerund or an infinitive)**
 - a- The airline refused (**pay**) for our hotel.
.....
 - b- (**Eat**) candy is bad for your teeth.
.....
 - c- I promise not (**lie**) again.
.....
 - d- I enjoy (**read**) novels.
.....

Revision Sheet _ Unit (12) : Culture Shock

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

chopsticks – porter – lawyer – mud – pocket



porter



chopstick



mud



lawyer

B- Match:

1- flexible

2- frustrating

3- homesick

4- newcomer

5- no kidding!

a- person who has arrived recently

b- an expression of surprise and disbelief

c- annoying because you can't do something you want

d- something new and interesting

e- able to change in different situation

f- missing home and family

C- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

host – tip – remove – punctual – expect

1- She is always **punctual**, but her friend is always late.

2- He gave the porter a **tip**.

3- She was a generous **host**.

4- Please help me to **remove** the table to the corner.

D- Choose the correct answer:

1- 'Being in a new place and not being comfortable' means:

a- **Fish out of water**

b- Culture shock

2- 'The period of adjustment when someone moves to a new country' is the definition of:

a- Fish out of water

b- **Culture shock**

3- A is a person who greets or welcomes a guest.

a- guest

b- **host**

4- The opposite of 'polite' is:

a- inpolite

b- **impolite**



II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- I forgot (**take – takes – took – to take**) my vitamins today.
- 2- It is important (**be – being – to be – was**) patient.
- 3- She decided (**study – studies – studied – to study**) abroad.
- 4- Make sure (**turn – turned – turning – to turn**) off the light before you leave.
- 5- It is polite for businessman (**shake – to shake – shaking – shakes**) hands.
- 6- (**Travel – Travels – Travelling – Travelled**) is a good way to learn about other cultures.
- 7- I am not used to (**eats – to eat – eating – ate**) with chopsticks.
- 8- It isn't easy to get used to (**live – lives – lived – living**) in a new cultural environment.
- 9- She used to (**drinking – drinks – drink – drank**) coffee in the morning, but now she drinks tea.
- 10- By the time we arrived at the station, the bus (**leave – left – had left – leaving**).
- 11- Before we sold our car, we (**own – owned – has owned – had owned**) it for 12 years.
- 12- After the guests had left, I (**go – went – going – had gone**) to bed.
- 13- Until they found a new job, they (**be – being – was – had been**) unemployed for years.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- After she (**move**) out, I found her notes. (Correct the verb)
After she had moved out, I found her notes.
- 2- By the time we (**come**), she had finished the project. (Correct the verb)
By the time we came, she had finished the project.
- 3- (Complete the sentences using a gerund or an infinitive)
 - a- The airline refused (**pay**) for our hotel.
The airline refused to pay for our hotel.
 - b- (**Eat**) candy is bad for your teeth.
Eating candy is bad for your teeth.
 - c- I promise not (**lie**) again.
I promise not **to lie** again.
 - d- I enjoy (**read**) novels.
I enjoy **reading** novels.

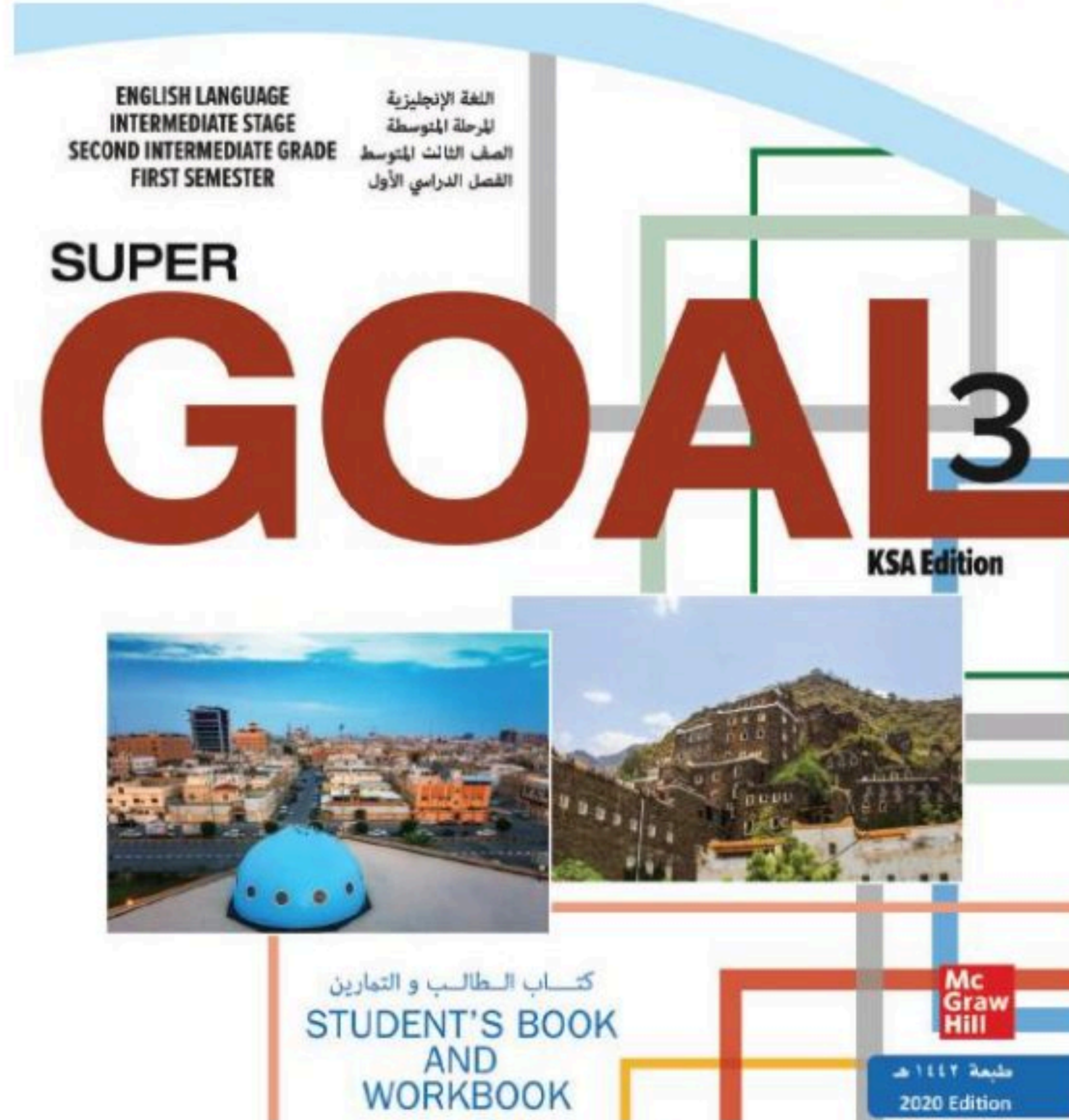


وزارة التعليم
Ministry of Education

رؤية
VISION
2030
المملكة العربية السعودية
KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

Revision Super Goal 3

مراجعة سوپر قول ٣



إعداد وتنظيم الأستاذ : بدر الشهري

Badr Al-Shahri

Unit 7: It's a Good Deal, Isn't It?

Vocabulary

Choose the correct name of the item.

1 .What do you use to climb a wall ?

- A. a ladder
- B. a bike
- C. a hammer

2 .What do you use to water the garden ?

- A. a garage
- B. a plate
- C. a hose

3 .What do you use to clean the living room ?

- A. a ladder
- B. a sofa
- C. a vacuum cleaner

4 .What do you use to sweep the backyard ?

- A. a spoon
- B. a broom
- C. a bike

5 .What do you use to make tea ?

- A. a teapot
- B. a vacuum cleaner
- C. a fork

6 .What do you use to eat chicken ?

- A. a house
- B. a hammer
- C. a fork

Grammar : Form , Meaning , and Function

Complete the tag question.

1. He bought a hammer , ?
2. This old car is in good condition ,?
3. We're buying a lot of stuff ,?
4. You were born in Riyadh ,?
5. They bought a house ,?
6. She didn't go to school ,?

Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. _____ to the mall this weekend?
Sorry, I can't. I have to babysit my little sister.
A. Let's we go
B. Why don't we go
C. Why should we go
D. Why not we go
2. *What should we do this weekend?*
_____ our bikes to the beach.
A. We could ride
B. Let's riding
C. We should to ride
D. Why we don't ride
3. *Why don't we throw away all this old stuff in the garage ?*
No , _____
A. That's a good idea.
B. That sounds good instead.
C. Let's have a yard sale instead.
D. Why don't we get rid of it?

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each statement.

Department Store Robbed!

One night, in Germany, three men robbed a department store. Cameras showed three men with masks over their faces robbing the store and getting away. The men stole jewelry that was worth \$6.8 million. The police didn't know who the men were until they found a drop of sweat, which contained DNA. Scientists tested the DNA and, amazingly, they found two matches-identical twins named Hans and Franz. The police knew that one of the twins had robbed the store, but they didn't know which one. They questioned both of them, but each twin said that he did not rob the store. Finally, the police had to let both twins go. They were not able to find out which one was the robber. Now, all the police can do is watch both twins and hope that one of them leads them to the stolen jewelry.

1. Two brothers robbed a department store. ()
2. Three men stole computer equipment that was worth \$6.8 million. ()
3. DNA led the police to two identical twins. ()
4. The police were not able to find out which twin was the robber. ()
5. The police were able to find the stolen jewelry. ()

Vocabulary

Choose the correct name of the item.

1 .What do you use to climb a wall ?

- [A. a ladder](#)
- B. a bike
- C. a hammer

2 .What do you use to water the garden ?

- A. a garage
- B. a plate
- [C. a hose](#)

3 .What do you use to clean the living room ?

- A. a ladder
- B. a sofa
- [C. a vacuum cleaner](#)

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- [A. a teapot](#)
- B. a vacuum cleaner
- C. a fork

6 .What do you use to eat chicken ?

- A. a house
- B. a hammer
- [C. a fork](#)

Grammar : Form , Meaning , and Function

Complete the tag question.

1. He bought a hammer , didn't he ?
2. This old car is in good condition , isn't it ?
3. We're buying a lot of stuff , aren't we ?
4. You were born in Riyadh , weren't you ?
5. They bought a house , didn't they ?
6. She didn't go to school , did she ?

Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. _____ *to the mall this weekend?*
Sorry, I can't. I have to babysit my little sister.
A. Let's we go
B. Why don't we go
C. Why should we go
D. Why not we go
2. *What should we do this weekend?*
_____ *our bikes to the beach.*
A. We could ride
B. Let's riding
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1. Two brothers robbed a department store. (F)
2. Three men stole computer equipment that was worth \$6.8 million. (F)
3. DNA led the police to two identical twins. (T)
4. The police were not able to find out which twin was the robber. (T)
5. The police were able to find the stolen jewelry. (F)

Unit 8: Drive Slowly

Vocabulary

Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1 **.dash**_____

- A. shield
- B. sign
- C. wheel
- D. board

2 **.road**_____

- A. belt
- B. sign
- C. wheel
- D. mirror

3 **.steering**_____

- A. belt
- B. shield
- C. wheel
- D. mirror

4 **.seat**_____

- A. shield
- B. sign
- C. mirror
- D. belt

5 **.wind**_____

- A. shield
- B. sign
- C. belt
- D. mirror

6 **.rearview**_____

- A. wheel
- B. shield
- C. mirror
- D. belt

7 .The _____ turns the car on.

- A. ignition
- B. headlight
- C. GPS
- D. signal light

8 .The _____ stops the car.

- A. glove compartment
- B. brake pedal
- C. trunk
- D. bumper

Grammar : Form , Meaning , and Function

Write the adverb of manner to fill in the blank.

1. Stan is a slow runner. He runs
2. Ali is a good writer. He writes
3. They are careful riders. They ride their horses
4. He is a fast talker. He talks

Rearrange the words to make a sentence.

1. the stop sign / stop / at / must / you
.....
2. seat belt / should / you / wear / always / your
.....
3. drive / you / must / fast / not / too
.....

Write the reported request or command.

1. "Would you pick me up at the airport?"

Dan

2. "Hold the steering wheel with both hands,"

The driving instructor told Ali to

3. " Could you please change the oil?"

Fahd asked the mechanic to

4. "Don't throw things out of the car window!"

The father told his son

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each statement.

Why do we have speed limits?

Most roads in most countries have a speed limit. When driving on these roads, drivers must obey the speed limit. In the U.S., the speed limit on most highways is 65 miles (105 kilometers) per hour. In Europe, the speed limit on most highways is a little higher— about 75 miles (120 kilometers) per hour.

Generally, speed limits are intended to make driving safer for everyone. People who drive fast are more likely to die in car accidents. Over the past 40 years, lowering the speed limit on highways has lowered the amount of people who have died in car accidents. Some roads also have minimum speed limits. This means that drive slower than the minimum speed. Highways have minimum speed limits because people who drive too slowly can be dangerous when all of the other drivers are moving fast.

Speed limits are also made for environmental reasons. Driving slower uses less gas and causes less pollution. But, whatever the reason for the speed limit, no matter what country you are driving in, you must obey the speed limit. If you drive too fast, you will probably have to pay a fine, or penalty.

1. The speed limit in Europe is generally lower than in the U.S. ()
2. Speed limits help keep people safe. ()
3. Driving too fast can cause people to die in a car accident. ()
4. It is always safe to drive slowly. ()
5. Driving fast causes less pollution. ()

Vocabulary

Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1 .dash_____

- A. shield
- B. sign
- C. wheel
- D. board

2 .road_____

- A. belt
- B. sign
- C. wheel
- D. mirror

3 .steering_____

- A. belt
- B. shield
- C. wheel
- D. mirror

4 .seat_____

- A. shield
- B. sign
- C. mirror
- D. belt

5 .wind_____

- A. shield
- B. sign
- C. belt
- D. mirror

6 .rearview_____

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8 .The _____ stops the car.

A. glove compartment

B. brake pedal

C. trunk

D. bumper

Grammar : Form , Meaning , and Function

Write the adverb of manner to fill in the blank.

1. Stan is a slow runner. He runs slowly

2. Ali is a good writer. He writes well

3. They are careful riders. They ride their horses carefully

4. He is a fast talker. He talks fast

Rearrange the words to make a sentence.

1. the stop sign / stop / at / must / you

You must stop at the stop sign

2. seat belt / should / you / wear / always / your

You should always wear your seat belt

3. drive / you / must / fast / not / too

You must not drive too fast

Write the reported request or command.

1. "Would you pick me up at the airport?"

Dan asked his brother to pick him up at the airport

2. "Hold the steering wheel with both hands,"

The driving instructor told Ali to hold the steering wheel with both hands

3. " Could you please change the oil?"

Fahd asked the mechanic to change the oil

4. "Don't throw things out of the car window!"

The father told his son not to throw things out of the car window

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each statement.

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1. The speed limit in Europe is generally lower than in the U.S. (F)
2. Speed limits help keep people safe. (T)
3. Driving too fast can cause people to die in a car accident. (T)
4. It is always safe to drive slowly. (F)
5. Driving fast causes less pollution. (F)

Unit 9 : All Kinds of People

Vocabulary

Write the correct word to fill in the blank.

pretend – thief – give directions – in a hurry – fake – steal

1. I saw a man who tried to a bag.
2. That diamond is not real. It is
3. Some people are always They don't have time to talk and relax.
4. Excuse me. Can you to me? I want to get to the gym .
5. A tried to rob the jewelry store downtown. However, he was caught.
6. I know you can hear me. Don't you can't!

Grammar

A- Write who or which to fill in the blank.

1. The clerk was at the store was very nice.
2. The computer I bought does not work well.
3. The food is in the refrigerator is old.

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. **We were sitting in the café when a thief _____ my bag!**
A. steal B. stole C. was stealing D. stolen
2. **Jack was talking on the phone _____ he was driving.**
A. that B. while C. where D. which
3. **She was cooking dinner _____ I arrived.**
A. when B. while C. where D. which
4. **I _____ at the monument when someone called my name.**
A. look B. looked C. am looking D. was looking
5. **I finished reading the book _____ I was riding the bus.**
A. that B. where C. while D. which

C- Match a request in Column 1 with a response in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. May I speak to the Mr. Preston, please?	A. I'm sorry, but he's in a meeting at the moment.
2. Smile Dental Clinic. How can I help you?	B. I'm afraid that we are completely booked tonight.
3. I would like to make a dinner reservation !	C. I would like to change my appointment.

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/statement.

Friendly Cities

Some people say that people who live in cities are not friendly. They think that people who live in cities are always in a hurry and that they are too busy to talk to other people. This may be true. In cities that have more crime, people are sometimes afraid to be friendly to strangers. They think it is safer not to talk to people that they don't know.

A recent study looked at cities around the world to find out which city was the friendliest. The researchers tried to find out where people were the most helpful to other people. To find out, they pretended to have problems. For example, they dropped a pen while standing on the street and waited for someone else to pick it up. They also pretended to have an injury while walking down the street to see if someone would help them.

These researchers decided that the friendliest city in the world was the city of Rio de Janeiro in Brazil. Two other cities that they thought were friendly were San Jose, Costa Rica, and Madrid, Spain. The researchers found that, in general, smaller, quieter cities were friendlier than busy, crowded cities.

1. The researchers wanted to find out if people are friendlier in the country. ()
2. The researchers dropped pens while standing on the street. ()
3. The researchers pretended to have an injury while walking. ()
4. The researchers found that the friendliest city in the world is Madrid. ()
5. In big cities people are afraid to talk to people that they don't know. ()

Writing

Write about your vision of schools or your town in the future :

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نموذج الإجابة

Super Goal 3

Unit 9 : All Kinds of People

Vocabulary

Write the correct word to fill in the blank.

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2. That diamond is not real. It is fake
3. Some people are always in a hurry They don't have time to talk and relax.
4. Excuse me. Can you give directions to me? I want to get to the gym .
5. A thief tried to rob the jewelry store downtown. However, he was caught.
6. I know you can hear me. Don't pretend you can't!

Grammar

A- Write *who* or *which* to fill in the blank.

1. The clerk who was at the store was very nice.
2. The computer which I bought does not work well.
3. The food which is in the refrigerator is old.

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. We were sitting in the café when a thief _____ my bag!
A. steal B. stole C. was stealing D. stolen
2. Jack was talking on the phone _____ he was driving.
A. that B. while C. where D. which
3. She was cooking dinner _____ I arrived.
A. when B. while C. where D. which
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1. May I speak to the Mr. Preston, please?	A	A. I'm sorry, but he's in a meeting at the moment.
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Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/statement.

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These researchers decided that the friendliest city in the world was the city of Rio de Janeiro in Brazil. Two other cities that they thought were friendly were San Jose, Costa Rica, and Madrid, Spain. The researchers found that, in general, smaller, quieter cities were friendlier than busy, crowded cities.

1. The researchers wanted to find out if people are friendlier in the country (F)
2. The researchers dropped pens while standing on the street. (T)
3. The researchers pretended to have an injury while walking down the street. (T)
4. The researchers found that the friendliest city in the world is Madrid, Spain. (F)
5. Sometimes in big cities people are afraid to talk to people that they don't know. (T)

Unit 10 :

Who Used My Toothpaste?

Vocabulary

Write the correct word to fill in the blank.

1. You use a toothbrush and to brush your teeth.
2. You use to cut paper.
3. You use a hair_..... to dry your hair when it is wet.
4. You use to wash your hair.
5. You use water and dishwashing to wash dishes.
6. You use a to brush your hair.
7. You look at yourself in the when you brush your hair.

Grammar

Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. He enjoys _____ in the high-tech computer field.
A. work B. worked C. working D. to work
2. The salesperson was _____ pushy that I left the store without buying anything.
A. so B. such C. much D. so much
3. There were _____ people waiting for the elevator that we took the stairs.
A. such B. so much C. so many D. such many
4. That _____ be the last cookie. I made two dozen this morning!
A. can B. can't C. must D. mustn't
5. He never cleans up his mess. You _____ be so annoyed with him.
A. can B. can't C. must D. mustn't
6. Which sentence is correct?
A. Please put the away dishes.
B. Please away put the dishes.
C. Please dishes put away.
D. Please put the dishes away.

7. Which sentence is correct?

- A. Turn off the light.
- B. Off turn the light.
- C. Turn the off light.
- D. The light turn off.

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/statement.

Dear Miss Manners,

Last spring my husband and I bought a new vacation home. It is a beautiful house on a private beach. We were looking forward to spending a peaceful, relaxing summer alone on the beach and in our new home. Well, we haven't even moved in yet and distant family members who we have not seen in years have started calling us! Suddenly, everyone wants to come and visit us and stay for a week! We don't mind having close family to come and stay for a day or two, but I don't want to spend the whole summer looking after lots of other people and entertaining them. I have already made a few distant family members angry by telling them we are too busy for visitors. Please help! How can I tell my family politely that I don't want any houseguests this summer?

----Fatima

Dear Fatima,

I'm sorry that your plans for a quiet summer are not working out. Uninvited guests can be annoying! I suggest that you tell your family that your house is not ready for visitors yet. Tell them that your husband will be fixing the leaky roof and you'll be cleaning up after the old owners. Suggest they come and visit you in the wintertime instead. This might keep people away until next summer at least!

----Miss Manners

1. Fatima and her husband have bought a vacation home. ()
2. Fatima probably enjoys being alone all the time. ()
3. Miss Manners agrees with Fatima that uninvited guests can be annoying. ()
4. Miss Manners suggests telling her family to visit them another time. ()

Writing

Write about impolite behavior and how it affects others

.....

.....

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.....

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.....

Unit 10 : Who Used My Toothpaste?

Vocabulary

Write the correct word to fill in the blank.

1. You use a toothbrush and toothpaste to brush your teeth.
2. You use scissors to cut paper.
3. You use a hair dryer to dry your hair when it is wet.
4. You use shampoo to wash your hair.
5. You use water and dishwashing liquid to wash dishes.
6. You use a hairbrush to brush your hair.
7. You look at yourself in the mirror when you brush your hair.

Grammar

Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. He enjoys _____ in the high-tech computer field.
A. work B. worked C. working D. to work
2. The salesperson was _____ pushy that I left the store without buying anything.
A. so B. such C. much D. so much
3. There were _____ people waiting for the elevator that we took the stairs.
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----Miss Manners

1. Fatima and her husband have bought a vacation home. (T)
2. Fatima probably enjoys being alone all the time. (F)
3. Miss Manners agrees with Fatima that uninvited guests can be annoying. (T)
4. Miss Manners suggests telling her family to visit them another time. (T)

Unit 11 : Making Choices

Vocabulary

Write the correct word to fill in the blank.

pollution	generate	cheat	scenic
fit in	benefit	conservationist	ticket

1. If you drive too fast, you'll get a
2. Henry doesn't want to cut down the trees to build another building. He is a
3. One to being a professional sports player is that they make a lot of money.
4. Donna tries too hard to She always does what other people are doing.
5. I love driving on the road through the mountains. It is so beautiful.
6. If you on the test and get caught, you will be in a lot of trouble.
7. If they open a new factory in town, it will a lot of jobs for people in the area.
8. Most people worry about how is harming the environment.

Grammar

A- Match a sentence part in Column 1 with a sentence part in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. If you drop something,	A. you will have more money.
2. If you take that job,	B. we might fail it.
3. If we don't study for the test,	C. it falls to the ground.
4. If he doesn't run,	D. we will have nothing to eat for dinner.
5. If you don't go to the grocery store,	E. he'll be late.

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. I wish I _____ so much homework.

- A. had B. hadn't C. didn't have D. not have

2. If fewer people _____ their cars, there wouldn't be so much traffic.

- A. drive B. drove C. will drive D. would drive

3. I wish I _____ what to do. Can you give me some advice?

- A. will know B. would know C. know D. knew

4. If I were you, I _____ to college to get a degree.

- A. would go B. will go C. go D. went

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/statement.

Kindness is Catching

There is an idea that the world can become a better place if one person is kind to another person. When you are nice to someone else, it makes you feel good about yourself. Also, if you are nice to someone else, that person feels good and might do something nice for another person. In this way, people will be nicer to each other. There are many easy things that you can do every day to make other people happy. Here are a few ideas: Say hello to strangers when you pass them in the street. • Pay for the coffee or tea of the person who is behind you in line. If someone is in a hurry, let them go ahead of you in line. Greet a store clerk and ask him or her about his or day. • Write kind comments on Internet blogs. Walk through your neighborhood and pick up trash that is on the street. If you go to the grocery store or a local farm, pick up food for a neighbor. Write a note to your teacher to say that you enjoyed a lesson. • Make cookies or treats and hand them out for no special occasion.

1. Kindness is *catching* means that you can catch kindness like a cold. ()
2. If you are nice to someone, then that person will be nice to others. ()
3. It is kind to write bad things on Internet blogs. ()
4. People always pay for the coffee of the person who is behind them. ()
5. If you are not nice, then that person might not be nice to others. ()

Writing

Write about choices you have made and their consequences

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نموذج الإجابة

Super Goal 3

Unit 11 : Making Choices

Vocabulary

Write the correct word to fill in the blank.

pollution	generate	cheat	scenic
fit in	benefit	conservationist	ticket

1. If you drive too fast, you'll get a ticket
2. Henry doesn't want to cut down the trees to build another building. He is a conservationist
3. One benefit to being a professional sports player is that they make a lot of money.
4. Donna tries too hard to fit in She always does what other people are doing.
5. I love driving on the scenic road through the mountains. It is so beautiful.
6. If you cheat on the test and get caught, you will be in a lot of trouble.
7. If they open a new factory in town, it will generate a lot of jobs for people in the area.
8. Most people worry about how pollution is harming the environment.

Grammar

A- Match a sentence part in Column 1 with a sentence part in Column 2.

<i>Column 1</i>		<i>Column 2</i>
1. If you drop something,	C	A. you will have more money.
2. If you take that job,	A	B. we might fail it.
3. If we don't study for the test,	B	C. it falls to the ground.
4. If he doesn't run,	E	D. we will have nothing to eat for dinner.
5. If you don't go to the grocery store,	D	E. he'll be late.

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. I wish I _____ so much homework.

- A. had B. hadn't C. didn't have D. not have

2. If fewer people _____ their cars, there wouldn't be so much traffic.

- A. drive B. drove C. will drive D. would drive

3. I wish I _____ what to do. Can you give me some advice?

- A. will know B. would know C. know D. knew

4. If I were you, I _____ to college to get a degree.

- A. would go B. will go C. go D. went

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/statement.

Kindness is Catching

There is an idea that the world can become a better place if one person is kind to another person. When you are nice to someone else, it makes you feel good about yourself. Also, if you are nice to someone else, that person feels good and might do something nice for another person. In this way, people will be nicer to each other. There are many easy things that you can do every day to make other people happy. Here are a few ideas: Say hello to strangers when you pass them in the street. • Pay for the coffee or tea of the person who is behind you in line. If someone is in a hurry, let them go ahead of you in line. Greet a store clerk and ask him or her about his or day. • Write kind comments on Internet blogs. Walk through your neighborhood and pick up trash that is on the street. If you go to the grocery store or a local farm, pick up food for a neighbor. Write a note to your teacher to say that you enjoyed a lesson. • Make cookies or treats and hand them out for no special occasion.

1. Kindness is *catching* means that you can catch kindness like cold. (T)
2. The idea is that if you are nice to someone, that person will be nice to others. (T)
3. It is kind to write bad things on Internet blogs. (F)
4. People always pay for the coffee of the person who is behind them at a café. (F)
5. If you are not nice to someone, then that person might not be nice to others. (T)

Writing

Write about choices you have made and their consequences

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Unit 12 : Culture Shock

Vocabulary

Match a sentence part in Column 1 with a sentence part in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. In England, it is polite	A. about the weather when in England.
2. In Japan, it is advisable to exchange	B. to eat with chopsticks
3. It is polite to comment	C. to eat late.
4. In the Mediterranean, it is common	D. business cards with other people.
5. It is common in Asian countries.	E. to wait your turn in line.

Grammar

A- Write the infinitive or gerund form of the verb in parentheses.

1. I miss time with my friends. (*spend*)
2. I'm sorry. I didn't expect out so late. (*be*)
3. Please stop with my computer. You're going to break it. (*play*)
4. I tried my homework, but I didn't have time. (*finish*)

B- Rearrange the words to form a sentence.

1. not / China / common / tipping / in / is
.....
2. England / standing in line / polite / in / is
.....

C- Write the correct form of the verb in parentheses to fill in the blank.

1. Before he traveled to Madrid, Tom some Spanish lessons. (*take*)
2. When he got to the airport that, He he had forgotten his passport. (*realize*)

Reading

Read the text and match the following sentence parts to make true statements.

Cultures Around the World

Are you planning a trip around the world? It is advisable to learn about different customs before you arrive in each country. Then you can avoid any cultural misunderstandings. Answer *true* or *false* for each statement below.

1) In Mediterranean Countries

Eating dinner late is a common custom in Mediterranean countries such as Italy, Greece, and Spain. It is also common for people in these countries to take an afternoon break.

True

No one goes out for a meal before 9 p.m., and most restaurants stay open past midnight. Many stores close for 3 hours in the afternoon, allowing workers to eat with their family, rest, and return to work relaxed.

2) In Japan

In Japan, be prepared to exchange personal or business cards. When a person gives you a card, you should put it in your pocket right away.

False

In Japan you should treat a business card with great respect and look at it for some time before you put it away. The person expects you to read it and even comment on it. It is impolite not to do so.

3) In India

Removing shoes before entering a home is customary in India.

True

In fact, it is common practice in many parts of the world. It is polite to try not to spread dust and mud in the house and on the carpets of your host.

4) In Germany

Being punctual is important to Germans. Hosts also expect their guests to be on time.

True

For business meetings it is a good idea to arrive a few minutes early. Being late or rushing makes a bad impression.

Column 1		Column 2
1. It is advisable to learn		A. late for a meeting in Germany.
2. Try not to be		B. a business card in Japan carefully.
3. It is a good idea to read		C. about the customs of another country
4. Be sure not to go		D. your shoes before you enter someone's home
5. Be sure to remove		E. shopping in Greece in the afternoon.

Writing

Write about cultural differences :

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نموذج الإجابة

Super Goal 3

Unit 12 : Culture Shock

Vocabulary

Match a sentence part in Column 1 with a sentence part in Column 2.

Column 1		Column 2
1. In England, it is polite	E	A. about the weather
2. In Japan, it is advisable to exchange	D	B. to eat with chopsticks
3. It is polite to comment	A	C. to eat late.
4. In the Mediterranean, it is common	C	D. business cards with other people.
5. It is common in some Asian countries.	B	E. to wait your turn in line.

Grammar

A- Write the infinitive or gerund form of the verb in parentheses.

1. I miss spending time with my friends. (*spend*)
2. I'm sorry. I didn't expect to be out so late. (*be*)
3. Please stop playing with my computer. You're going to break it. (*play*)
4. I tried to finish my homework, but I didn't have time. (*finish*)

B- Rearrange the words to form a sentence.

1. not / China / common / tipping / in / is
Tipping is not common in China
2. England / standing in line / polite / in / is
Standing in line is polite in England

C- Write the correct form of the verb in parentheses to fill in the blank.

1. Before he traveled to Madrid, Tom had taken some Spanish lessons. (*take*)
2. When he got to the airport, Fahd realized he had forgotten his passport. (*realize*)

Reading

Read the text and match the following sentence parts to make true statements.

Cultures Around the World

Are you planning a trip around the world? It is advisable to learn about different customs before you arrive in each country. Then you can avoid any cultural misunderstandings. Answer *true* or *false* for each statement below.

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2) In Japan

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False

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3) In India

Removing shoes before entering a home is customary in India.

True

In fact, it is common practice in many parts of the world. It is polite to try not to spread dust and mud in the house and on the carpets of your host.

4) In Germany

Being punctual is important to Germans. Hosts also expect their guests to be on time.

True

For business meetings it is a good idea to arrive a few minutes early. Being late or rushing makes a bad impression.

Column 1		Column 2
1. It is advisable to learn	C	A. late for a meeting in Germany.
2. Try not to be	A	B. a business card in Japan carefully.
3. It is a good idea to read	B	C. about the customs of another country
4. Be sure not to go	E	D. your shoes before you enter someone's home
5. Be sure to remove	D	E. shopping in Greece in the afternoon.

Writing

Write about cultural differences :

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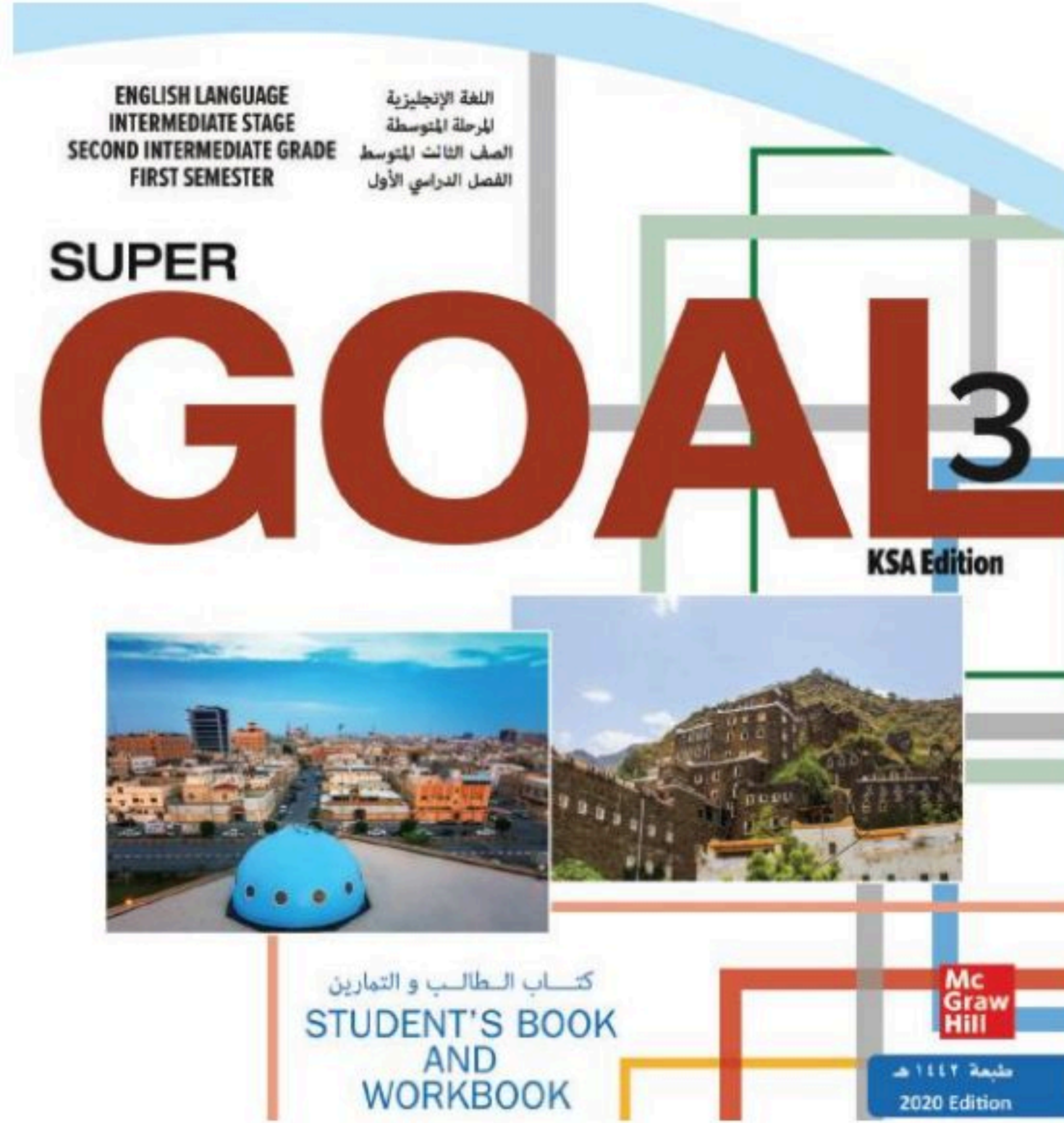


وزارة التعليم
Ministry of Education

رؤية
VISION
2030
المملكة العربية السعودية
KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

Revision Super Goal 3

مراجعة سوپر قول ٣



إعداد وتنظيم الأستاذ : بدر الشهري

Signature

Super Goal 3
Unit 7 : It's a Good Deal, Isn't It?

1- Write the word under the right picture

Ladder – hose – teapot – plate – frying pan – cup – saucer – knife – fork – spoon – fan – vacuum – broom – saw – hammer – screwdriver – rocking chair – teddy bear



2- Complete the tag questions :

- 1- Your name is Ali Khalid,?
- 2- Mariam isn't American,??
- 3- You were born in Abha,??
- 4- She wasn't born in the United States,??
- 5- You live in Dammam,??
- 6- She doesn't speak English,??
- 7- You studied in Dhahran,??
- 8- She didn't work in a school,??

3- Match the phrases with their meaning :

1- how do you do ?	a- act as a guide
2- is that so ?	b- offer to do something for someone
3- I'll be happy to ...	c- a way to show surprise
4- show someone around	d- way to respond to an introduction

4- Match the following words with their definitions. :

- | | |
|---------------------|--|
| 1. coincidence | a. three children born at the same time |
| 2. confuse | b. think wrongly that a person is someone else |
| 3. orphan | c. two things happen together by chance |
| 4. heredity | d. a child who has lost his parents |
| 5. triplets | e. what you get from your parents |
| 6. touching | f. having a strong emotional effect |

5- Fill in with (should – Why don't we) :

- What we do tonight ?
- order a pizza ?

- I buy this bike ?
- No , you shouldn't .

- go to the cinema ?
- Sorry , I can't . I have to study

- we tell him ?
- Yes , we should

Write about the coincidences that happened to you :

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نهوض الإجابة

Super Goal 3

Unit 7 : It's a Good Deal, Isn't It?

1- Write the word under the right picture

Ladder – hose – teapot – plate – frying pan – cup – saucer – knife – fork – spoon – fan – vacuum – broom – saw – hammer – screwdriver – rocking chair – teddy bear

					
teddy bear	rocking chair	screwdriver	hammer	saw	broom
					
vacuum	fan	spoon	fork	knife	saucer
					
cup	frying pan	plate	teapot	hose	Ladder

2- Complete the tag questions :

- 1- Your name is Ali Khalid, isn't it ?
- 2- Mariam isn't American, is she ?
- 3- You were born in Abha, weren't you ?
- 4- She wasn't born in the United States, was she ?
- 5- You live in Dammam, don't you ?
- 6- She doesn't speak English, does she ?
- 7- You studied in Dhahran, didn't you ?
- 8- She didn't work in a school, did she ?

3- Match the phrases with their meaning :

1- how do you do ?	4	a- act as a guide
2- is that so ?	3	b- offer to do something for someone
3- I'll be happy to ...	2	c- a way to show surprise
4- show someone around	1	d- way to respond to an introduction



4- Match the following words with their definitions. :

- | | |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1. <u>c</u> coincidence | a. three children born at the same time |
| 2. <u>b</u> confuse | b. think wrongly that a person is someone else |
| 3. <u>d</u> orphan | c. two things happen together by chance |
| 4. <u>e</u> heredity | d. a child who has lost his parents |
| 5. <u>a</u> triplets | e. what you get from your parents |
| 6. <u>f</u> touching | f. having a strong emotional effect |

5- Fill in with (should – Why don't we) :

- What should we do tonight ?
- Why don't we order a pizza ?

- should I buy this bike ?
- No , you shouldn't .

- Why don't we go to the cinema ?
- Sorry , I can't . I have to study

- should we tell him ?
- Yes , we should

Write about the coincidences that happened to you :

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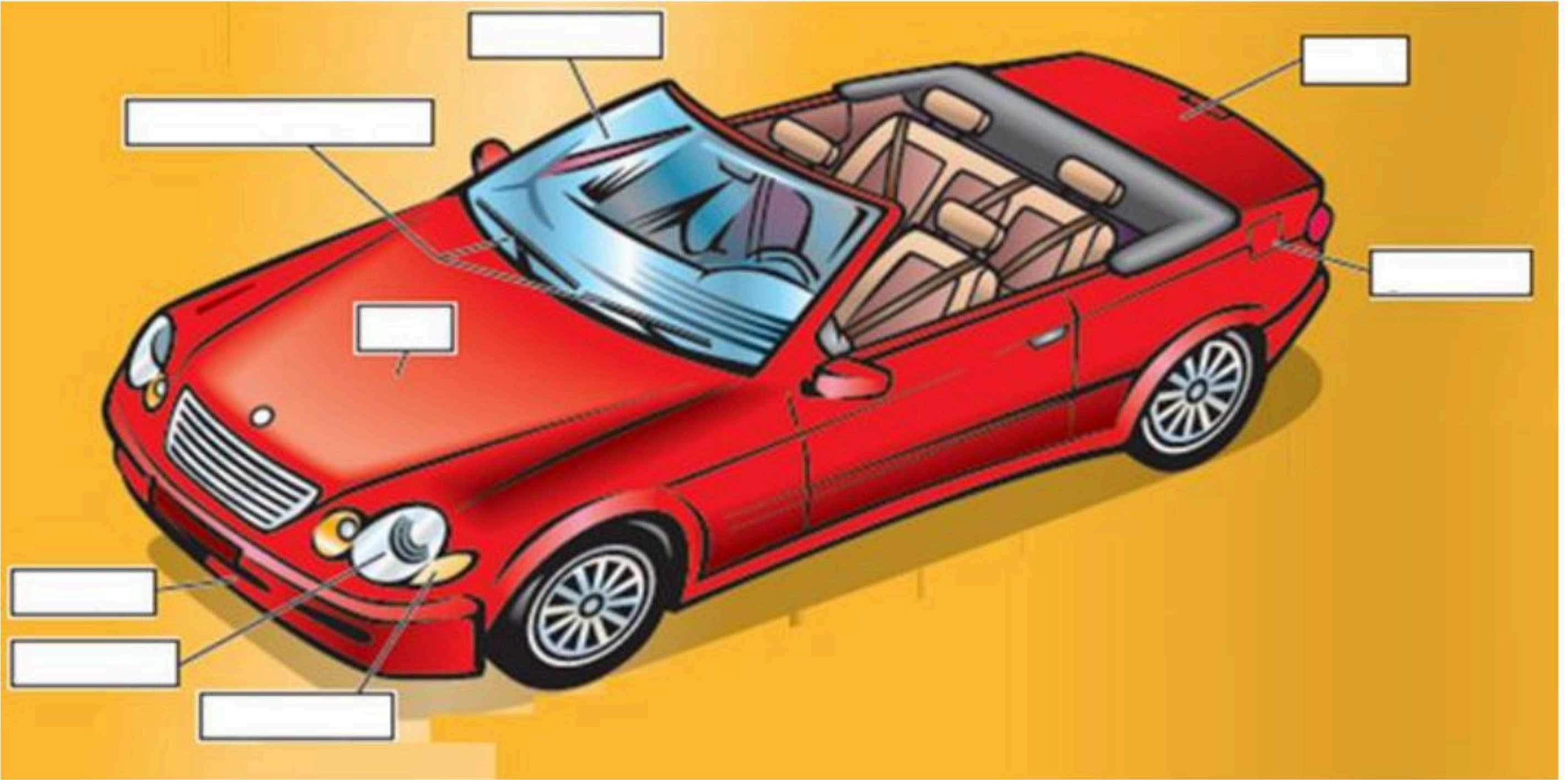
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Super Goal 3
Unit 8 : Drive Slowly!

1- Write the missing parts :

Windshield – windshield wipers – hood – bumper – headlight – trunk – signal light – gas tank



2- Match the signs :

Speed Limit – No Entry – Danger – No Passing – Parking Area

3- Fill in with (must – mustn't – should – shouldn't)

- A. You stop at the traffic lights.
- B. You drive under the speed limit.
- C. You park on the sidewalk.
- D. You eat when you're driving.

4- Rewrite the sentences. Use adverbs of manner.

- Adel is a careful driver.
-
- Badr is an aggressive driver.
-
- Stunt pilots fly in a dangerous way.
-
- Fadwa and Amal are enthusiastic readers.
-
- Saeed is a really good player.
-
- Sabah is a quiet talker.
-

5- Match the phrases with their meaning :

1- You can't be serious		a- I'm driving 60 kilometers per hour.
2- Hey		b- used to attract someone's attention
3- I'm doing 60		c- used to express surprise or disbelief

6- Match the following words with their definitions. :

- 1. investigate
 - 2. confusion
 - 3. conquered
 - 4. custom
 - 5. trend
- a. a direction of change, a tendency
 - b. something that is usually done
 - c. took control of a country, city etc.
 - d. uncertainty about what happened
 - e. study and research

7- Answer the following questions :

- Could you help me ?
- Agree :

- Could you open the window ?
- Refuse :

8- Report the requests and commands.

1. "Put on your seat belts," the father said to his children.
.....
2. "Would you drive us to the airport?" Abdullah's cousins asked him.
.....
3. "Please don't drive so fast," the woman said to her husband.
.....
4. "Don't ride your motorcycle in the rain," said the mother to her son.
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9- Write about driving and giving good advices to new drivers :

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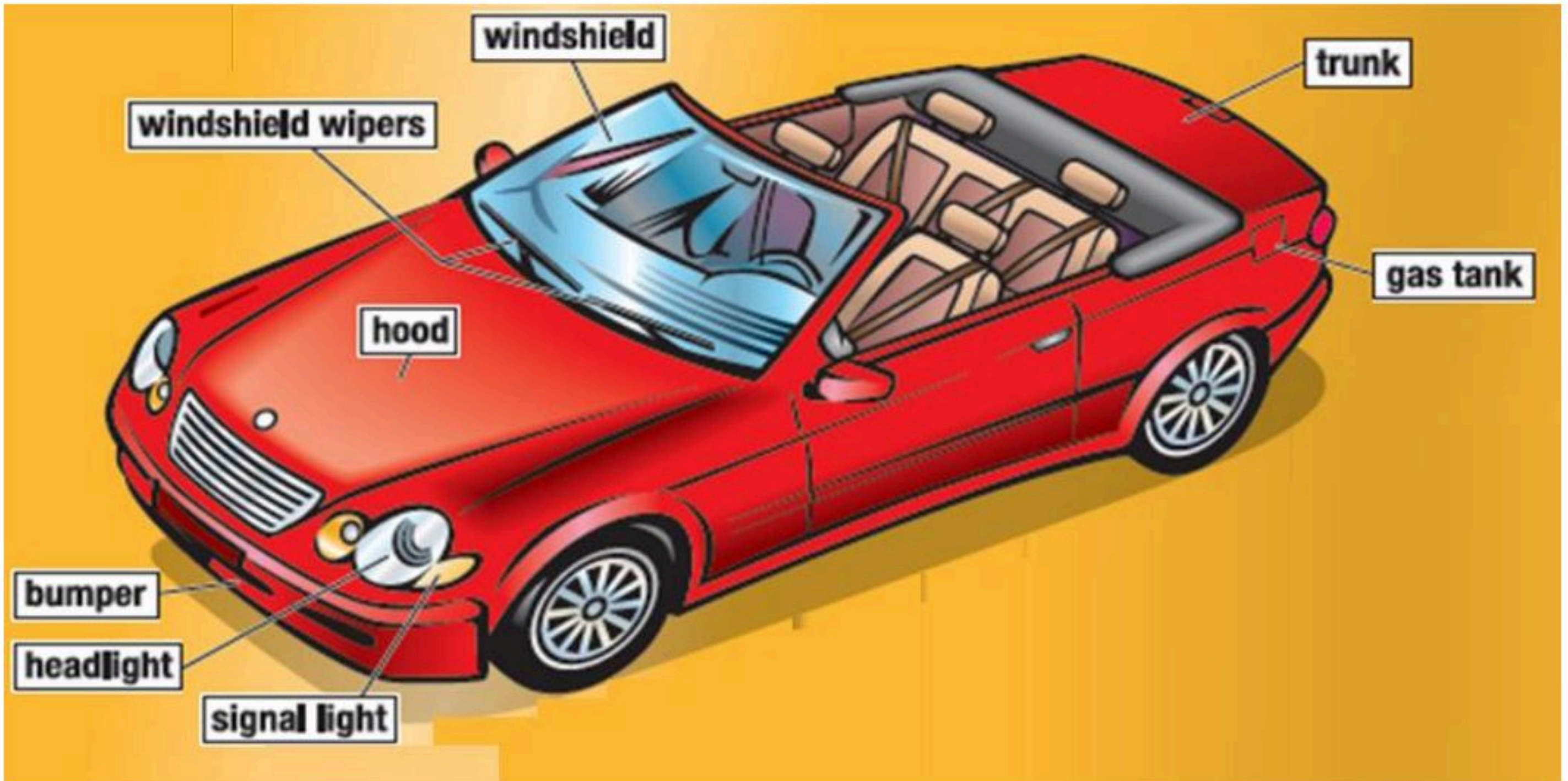
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نموذج الإجابة

Super Goal 3
Unit 8 : Drive Slowly!

1- Write the missing parts :

Windshield – windshield wipers – hood – bumper – headlight – trunk – signal light – gas tank



2- Match the signs :

Speed Limit – No Entry – Danger – No Passing – Parking Area



3- Fill in with (must – mustn't – should – shouldn't)

- A. You **must** stop at the traffic lights.
- B. You **should** drive under the speed limit.
- C. You **mustn't** park on the sidewalk.
- D. You **shouldn't** eat when you're driving.



4- Rewrite the sentences. Use adverbs of manner.

- Adel is a careful driver.
- Adel drives carefully
- Badr is an aggressive driver.
- Badr drives aggressively
- Stunt pilots fly in a dangerous way.
- Stunt pilots fly dangerously.
- Fadwa and Amal are enthusiastic readers.
- Fadwa and Amal read enthusiastically.
- Saeed is a really good player.
- Saeed plays really well.
- Sabah is a quiet talker.
- Sabah talks quietly.

5- Match the phrases with their meaning :

1- You can't be serious	3	a- I'm driving 60 kilometers per hour.
2- Hey	2	b- used to attract someone's attention
3- I'm doing 60	1	c- used to express surprise or disbelief

6- Match the following words with their definitions. :

- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| 1. <u>e</u> investigate | a. a direction of change, a tendency |
| 2. <u>d</u> confusion | b. something that is usually done |
| 3. <u>c</u> conquered | c. took control of a country, city etc. |
| 4. <u>b</u> custom | d. uncertainty about what happened |
| 5. <u>a</u> trend | e. study and research |

7- Answer the following questions :

- Could you help me ?
- Agree : Sure
- Could you open the window ?
- Refuse ? I'm sorry I can't

8- Report the requests and commands.

1. "Put on your seat belts," the father said to his children.
The father told his children to put on their seatbelts.
2. "Would you drive us to the airport?" Abdullah's cousins asked him.
Abdullah's cousins asked him to drive them to the airport.
3. "Please don't drive so fast," the woman said to her husband.
The woman told her husband not to drive so fast.
4. "Don't ride your motorcycle in the rain," said the mother to her son.
The mother told her son not to drive his motorcycle in the rain.

9- Write about driving and giving good advices to new drivers :

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Super Goal 3
Unit 9 :
All Kinds of People

Match the words with the pictures :

Watch – pedal cab – backpack – officer – taxi

Match the two parts of the sentences :

1. The people who live in the city	a. to some tourists who were lost
2. The man was talking on phone	b. was in a hurry
3. The officer who was on duty	c. saw the thief stealing the backpack
4. The man who was hailing the taxi	d. while he was waiting for the bus
5. The man was giving directions	e. seem to have little time

Complete the definitions by matching the two parts.

- | | |
|---|-------------------------|
| 1. An athletic person is someone who _____ | a. is intelligent. |
| 2. A talkative person is someone who _____ | b. isn't polite. |
| 3. An efficient person is someone who _____ | c. does things well and |
| 4. A rude person is someone who _____ | d. speaks a lot. |
| 5. A clever person is someone who _____ | e. enjoys sports. |

Complete the sentences with who or that.

1. The neighbor lives downstairs is very quiet.
2. The flowers grow in the city garden are very colorful.
3. I'd like to introduce you to the person organized the meeting.
4. That isn't the camera is on sale.
5. The actor was playing the lead role was very funny.

Complete the sentences. Use when or while.

1. My brother was watching TV he was eating dinner.
2. Ahmed was walking in the park he saw Hameed.
3. Maha and Badria were studying for math test the phone rang.
4. Mom was cutting vegetables for dinner she cut her finger.
5. Dad was drinking coffee he was reading the newspaper.

Match the phrases with their meaning :

1- a real treat		a- to make less
2- Of course		b- to create
3- I mean		c- money you borrow
4- poverty		d- being poor
5- loan		e- phrase to introduce an explanation
6- to establish		f- to answer yes in a strong way
7- to reduce		g- something very pleasant and enjoyable

Complete the conversation :

- A: Speedy Cabs. How we help you?
B: Hello. I a taxi to the airport, please.
- A: you give me your address?
B: Yes, it's
- A: All right. A driver will be there in ten minutes.
B: That's great.

Write about your dream job :

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نموذج الإجابة

Super Goal 3 Unit 9 : All Kinds of People

1- Match the words with the pictures :

Watch – pedal cab – backpack – officer – taxi

				
<i>taxi</i>	<i>officer</i>	<i>backpack</i>	<i>pedal cab</i>	<i>Watch</i>

2- Match the two parts of the sentences :

1. The people who live in the city	5	a. to some tourists who were lost
2. The man was talking on phone	4	b. was in a hurry
3. The officer who was on duty	3	c. saw the thief stealing the backpack
4. The man who was hailing the taxi	2	d. while he was waiting for the bus
5. The man was giving directions	1	e. seem to have little time

Complete the definitions by matching the two parts.

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| 1. An athletic person is someone who <u>e</u> | a. is intelligent. |
| 2. A talkative person is someone who <u>d</u> | b. isn't polite. |
| 3. An efficient person is someone who <u>c</u> | c. does things well and |
| 4. A rude person is someone who <u>b</u> | d. speaks a lot. |
| 5. A clever person is someone who <u>a</u> | e. enjoys sports. |

Complete the sentences with who or that.

- The neighbor who lives downstairs is very quiet.
- The flowers that grow in the city garden are very colorful.
- I'd like to introduce you to the person who organized the meeting.
- That isn't the camera that is on sale.
- The actor who was playing the lead role was very funny.



Complete the sentences. Use when or while.

1. My brother was watching TV while he was eating dinner.
2. Ahmed was walking in the park when he saw Hameed.
3. Maha and Badria were studying for math test while the phone rang.
4. Mom was cutting vegetables for dinner when she cut her finger.
5. Dad was drinking coffee while he was reading the newspaper.

Match the phrases with their meaning :

1- a real treat	7	a- to make less
2- Of course	6	b- to create
3- I mean	5	c- money you borrow
4- poverty	4	d- being poor
5- loan	3	e- phrase to introduce an explanation
6- to establish	2	f- to answer yes in a strong way
7- to reduce	1	g- something very pleasant and enjoyable

Complete the conversation :

A: Speedy Cabs. How could we help you?
B: Hello. I need a taxi to the airport, please.

A: could you give me your address?
B: Yes, it's 2nd avenue

A: All right. A driver will be there in ten minutes.
B: That's great. Thanks

Write about your dream job :

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Super Goal 3
Unit 10 :
Who Used My Toothpaste

Match the words with the pictures :

Scissors – dishwashing liquid – goldfish – hair dryer – shampoo – toothpaste – toothbrush – hairbrush – mirror – shoes

Fill in with (yet – already – just)

- Have you done the dishes
- Yes, I've done them.

- Have you washed the clothes?
- Yes, I've washed them.

Make sentences with the words.

- 1- dessert / eating / after meals / can't resist / I
.....

2. she / cleaning / can't stand / the house
.....

3. the children / hate / their ice cream / sharing
.....

Rewrite each sentence with a two-word verb in two ways.

1- Turn on the TV.

.....

2. Clean up the mess.

.....

3. Turn off the light.

.....

Match the phrases with their meaning :

<i>Column 1</i>		<i>Column 2</i>
1- At long last		a- let someone have
2- That's a bit too much		b- phone
3- let out		c- return
4- find out		d- make things neat
5- clean up		e- learn
6- give back		f- express yourself freely
7- call up		g- This has gone too far
8- give up		h- Finally!

Complete the sentences with (can't – must)

1. Badria couldn't sleep last night. She be tired.
2. Ahmed's just joking. He be serious.
3. You haven't eaten all day. You be hungry.
4. Look how tall he is! He be over two meters tall.
5. It be six o'clock already. Where does the time go?
6. That's impossible. It be true .

Fill in with (such – so much – so many – so)

- 1- He is fast that he won the race.
- 2- He has books that he can hardly carry them.
- 3- I have homework that I can't go out tonight.
- 4- It was a difficult test that none of the students did well.

نموذج الإجابة

Super Goal 3

Unit 10 : Who Used My Toothpaste?

Match the words with the pictures :

Scissors – dishwashing liquid – goldfish – hair dryer – shampoo – toothpaste – toothbrush – hairbrush – mirror – shoes

				
shoes	mirror	hairbrush	toothbrush	toothpaste
				
shampoo	hair dryer	goldfish	dishwashing liquid	Scissors

Fill in with (yet – already – just)

- Have you done the dishes **yet** ?
- Yes, I've **already** done them.
- Have you **already** washed the clothes?
- Yes, I've **just** washed them.

Make sentences with the words.

1- dessert / eating / after meals / can't resist / I
I can't resist eating dessert after meals

2. she / cleaning / can't stand / the house
She can't stand cleaning the house

3. the children / hate / their ice cream / sharing
The children hate sharing their ice cream

Rewrite each sentence with a two-word verb in two ways.

1- Turn on the TV.

Turn the TV off

turn it off

2. Clean up the mess.

Clean the mess up

clean it up

3. Turn off the light.

Turn the light off

turn it off

Match the phrases with their meaning :

Column 1		Column 2
1- At long last	8	a- let someone have
2- That's a bit too much	7	b- phone
3- let out	6	c- return
4- find out	5	d- make things neat
5- clean up	4	e- learn
6- give back	3	f- express yourself freely
7- call up	2	g- This has gone too far
8- give up	1	h- Finally!

Complete the sentences with (can't – must)

1. Badria couldn't sleep last night. She must be tired.
2. Ahmed's just joking. He can't be serious.
3. You haven't eaten all day. You must be hungry.
4. Look how tall he is! He must be over two meters tall.
5. It can't be six o'clock already. Where does the time go?
6. That's impossible. It can't be true .

Fill in with (such – so much – so many – so)

- 1- He is so fast that he won the race.
- 2- He has so many books that he can hardly carry them.
- 3- I have so much homework that I can't go out tonight.
- 4- It was such a difficult test that none of the students did well.

Super Goal 3
Unit 11 : Making Choices

Match the words with the definitions :

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. to study | a. advantage |
| 2. to fit in | b. a fine |
| 3. a ticket | c. to prepare for a test |
| 4. benefit | d. with beautiful views |
| 5. scenic | e. to be similar to or to blend with |

Complete the sentences about facts. Use the simple present or will in the second clause.

1. If you (**heat**) water to 100 degrees Celsius, it (**boil**).
2. If they (**climb**) up to 4,000 meters, they (**need**) oxygen.
3. If we (**get**) this 4K television, we (**see**) the game better.
4. If you (**mix**) flour and water, you (**end up**) with batter.
5. If he (**not obey**) the speed limit, he (**get**) a ticket.

Match the parts of the sentences.

- | | |
|--|----------------------------|
| 1. If she leaves the food on the ground, | a. he'll be pleased. |
| 2. If the cow crosses the road, | b. the truck might hit it. |
| 3. If the man catches a fish, | c. the ants will take it. |

Match the phrases with their meaning :

Column 1	Column 2
1- up in the air	a- to achieve one's dream
2- make up your mind	b- to reach an agreement
3- It seems to me	c- didn't have enough money
4- could not afford	d- a way to introduce an opinion
5- to work out a pact	e- decide
6- to fulfill his ambition	f- undecided

Use wish + the simple past

1- They don't have much time.

.....

2- I have to study today.

.....

3- Faisal isn't rich.

.....

4- I can't speak French

.....

Match the sentence parts.

1. If my family had to move
2. If he had more experience,
3. If people took the bus more,
4. If he worked out at the gym,
5. If I could travel anywhere,

- a. I'd visit New Zealand.
- b. he'd be in good shape.
- c. there'd be less traffic.
- d. he'd apply for the job.
- e. I'd miss my friends.

Write a paragraph about a choice you made . Write about what you did and explain your choice.

.....

.....

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نهوذج الإجابة

Super Goal 3 Unit 11 : Making Choices

Match the words with the definitions :

1. c to study
 2. e to fit in
 3. b a ticket
 4. a benefit
 5. d scenic
- a. advantage
 - b. a fine
 - c. to prepare for a test
 - d. with beautiful views
 - e. to be similar to or to blend with

Complete the sentences about facts. Use the simple present or will in the second clause.

1. If you heat (*heat*) water to 100 degrees Celsius, it boils (*boil*).
2. If they climb (*climb*) up to 4,000 meters, they will need (*need*) oxygen.
3. If we get (*get*) this 4K television, we will see (*see*) the game better.
4. If you mix (*mix*) flour and water, you end up (*end up*) with batter.
5. If he doesn't obey (*not obey*) the speed limit, he will get (*get*) a ticket.

Match the parts of the sentences.

1. If she leaves the food on the ground, c
 2. If the cow crosses the road, b
 3. If the man catches a fish, a
- a. he'll be pleased.
 - b. the truck might hit it.
 - c. the ants will take it.

Match the phrases with their meaning :

Column 1		Column 2
1- up in the air	6	a- to achieve one's dream
2- make up your mind	5	b- to reach an agreement
3- It seems to me	4	c- didn't have enough money
4- could not afford	3	d- a way to introduce an opinion
5- to work out a pact	2	e- decide
6- to fulfill his ambition	1	f- undecided

Use wish + the simple past

1- They don't have much time.
They wish they had enough time

2- I have to study today.
I wish I didn't have to study today

3- Faisal isn't rich.
Faisal wishes he was rich

4- I can't speak French
I wish I could speak French

Match the sentence parts.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| 1. <u>e</u> If my family had to move | a. I'd visit New Zealand. |
| 2. <u>d</u> If he had more experience, | b. he'd be in good shape. |
| 3. <u>c</u> If people took the bus more, | c. there'd be less traffic. |
| 4. <u>b</u> If he worked out at the gym, | d. he'd apply for the job. |
| 5. <u>a</u> If I could travel anywhere, | e. I'd miss my friends. |

Write a paragraph about a choice you made . Write about what you did and explain your choice.

.....

.....

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Super Goal 3
Unit 12 : Culture Shock

Complete the missing letters :

1. local peo _ _ e
2. excuse _ _
3. afternoon br _ _ k
4. business car _ _
5. chopsti _ _ s
6. taxi dr _ _ ers
7. be on t _ _ e

Make the sentences. Use verb + noun/pronoun + infinitive.

1- in England / people / expect / you / wait in line for a bus

.....

2. in the United States / waiters / expect / you / tip after a meal

.....

3. my parents / never allow / us / eat dessert before dinner

.....

Make sentences. Use infinitives. Add It's where necessary.

1. don't forget / watch out / for thieves

.....

2. a good idea / hide / your money

.....

3. try not / get lost / in the big cities

.....

4. be sure / have / great time

.....

Match the phrases with their meaning :

Column 1		Column 2
1- to be honest		a- an expression of surprise
2- to get the hang of		b- rather
3- kind of		c- get used to doing something
4- No kidding		d- state something more directly

Match the words with the definitions.

- | | |
|---------------------|---|
| 1. flexible | a. to remember a pleasant feeling |
| 2. frustrating | b. beliefs about what is right |
| 3. homesick | c. something new and interesting |
| 4. stage | d. person who has arrived recently |
| 5. newcomer | e. one level or phase in a series |
| 6. novelty | f. missing home and family |
| 7. values | g. annoying because you cannot do it |
| 8. to cherish | h. able to change in different situations |

Complete the sentences with the verbs in parentheses. Use the simple past and the past perfect.

1. They (**already start**) boarding when I (**arrive**) at the gate.
2. Sabah (**not know**) how to use the chopsticks because she (**never eat**) in a Chinese restaurant before.
3. We (**not manage**) get a hotel room because we (**not make**) a reservation in advance.
4. I (**never be**) abroad until I (**travel**) to Paris last summer.
5. The waiter (**be**) upset because his customers (**not leave**) him a tip.

Complete the missing letters :

1. local peo pl e
2. excuse me
3. afternoon br ea k
4. business car ds
5. chopsti ck s
6. taxi dr iv ers
7. be on t im e

Make the sentences. Use verb + noun/pronoun + infinitive.

1- in England / people / expect / you / wait in line for a bus
in England people expect you to wait in line for a bus

2. in the United States / waiters / expect / you / tip after a meal
in the United States waiters expect you to tip after a meal

3. my parents / never allow / us / eat dessert before dinner
my parents never allow us to eat dessert before dinner

4. in India / hosts / expect / their guests / remove their shoes
in India hosts expect their guests to remove their shoes

Make sentences. Use infinitives. Add It's where necessary.

1. don't forget / watch out / for thieves
don't forget to watch out for thieves

2. a good idea / hide / your money
It's a good idea to hide your money

3. try not / get lost / in the big cities
try not to get lost in the big cities

Match the phrases with their meaning :

Column 1		Column 2
1- to be honest	4	a- an expression of surprise
2- to get the hang of	3	b- rather
3- kind of	2	c- get used to doing something
4- No kidding	1	d- state something more directly

Match the words with the definitions.

- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| 1. <u>h</u> flexible | a. to remember a pleasant feeling |
| 2. <u>g</u> frustrating | b. beliefs about what is right |
| 3. <u>f</u> homesick | c. something new and interesting |
| 4. <u>e</u> stage | d. person who has arrived recently |
| 5. <u>d</u> newcomer | e. one level or phase in a series |
| 6. <u>c</u> novelty | f. missing home and family |
| 7. <u>b</u> values | g. annoying because you cannot do it |
| 8. <u>a</u> to cherish | h. able to change in different situations |

Complete the sentences with the verbs in parentheses. Use the simple past and the past perfect.

1. They had already started (*already start*) boarding when I arrived (*arrive*) at the gate.
2. Sabah didn't know (*not know*) how to use the chopsticks because she had never eaten (*never eat*) in a Chinese restaurant before.
3. We didn't manage (*not manage*) get a hotel room because we hadn't made (*not make*) a reservation in advance.
4. I had never been (*never be*) abroad until I traveled (*travel*) to Paris last summer.
5. The waiter was (*be*) upset because his customers hadn't left (*not leave*) him a tip.

Unit 7

Write about a strange coincidence

I was taking a summer English course in London. A student sat next to me in class, and we started a conversation. The student mentioned that his name is Ali. His father's name is Fahd Al Qassim, and he is from Jeddah. When I went home, I phoned my father. I was happy to meet a student from my country. My father surprised me because he knew Ali's father. He is a friend to my father. They are doctors and they work together in a famous hospital. It was the strangest coincidence of my life. Me and Ali are now best friends.

Write about what you are learning to do

Three years ago, I wasn't able to speak English. I was only able to say the alphabet. Now I'm able to speak English and have a conversation. It's fun! I'm still not able to understand every word. But I'm patient. Soon I'll be able to speak fluently. I know I won't be able to speak English exactly like an American because I'll always have an accent. But that's OK. It's still a lot of fun!

Unit 8

Write about why the driving age should be raised to 18 or older

Almost 60% of all car accidents occur more often in the teen age group. Older people tend to be more mature and pay more attention when they drive. Raising the driving age to 20 can benefit younger people. Raising the driving age will also save people's lives. The driving age should be increased to 20 because it gives people advantages to be safe and to drive carefully .

Write a paragraph that describes a good driving instructor

A driving instructor is an important job. A good driving instructor should be calm and should be patient with the driving student. Also, a good driving instructor shouldn't talk on a cell phone in the car. That is not a good example for the student. A good driving instructor must know the driving laws and mustn't break those laws.

Unit 9

Write about your vision for your town

I live in a small town . In the future , I think my town will be bigger . There will be a lot of gardens and green areas . There will be new malls and sports academies . The streets will be better and wider .

Write about your dream job

I the future I want to be a reporter . I think I am a good speaker . I have a strong voice and I like to stand in public and talk . I think this job will be good for me

Unit 10

Write about impolite behavior

One of the most annoying behaviors these days is using your smart phone during meetings or gatherings . Texting or talking on your phone while you are with someone will annoy them , especially if they are family members. When someone is talking to you they want your full attention and not to be confused with something else .

Write about what a roommate should know about you

There are a few thing that I would like my roommate to know about me . The first thing is that I like to sleep early before 11 . I like to sleep early and weak up early . Also , I am a quiet person who doesn't like noise . Last thing is that I like to cook and enjoy homemade food , I don't like fast food and unhealthy food .

Unit 11

Write about choices that you have made and their positive or negative consequences

Lately I began to gain a little bet of weight . So I decided to start on a diet . I began my diet 3 months ago . I exercise everyday and do a little jogging . For 3 months now I feel a lot better and lighter , and both my physical and mental health became much better .

Unit 12

Write about culture differences

I went to China 2 months ago . The most popular food there was noodle , but the problem was that there were no spoons or fork . The only thing you can use is chopsticks . I had a hard time at the beginning . It took me 4 days to learn how to use chopsticks probably .

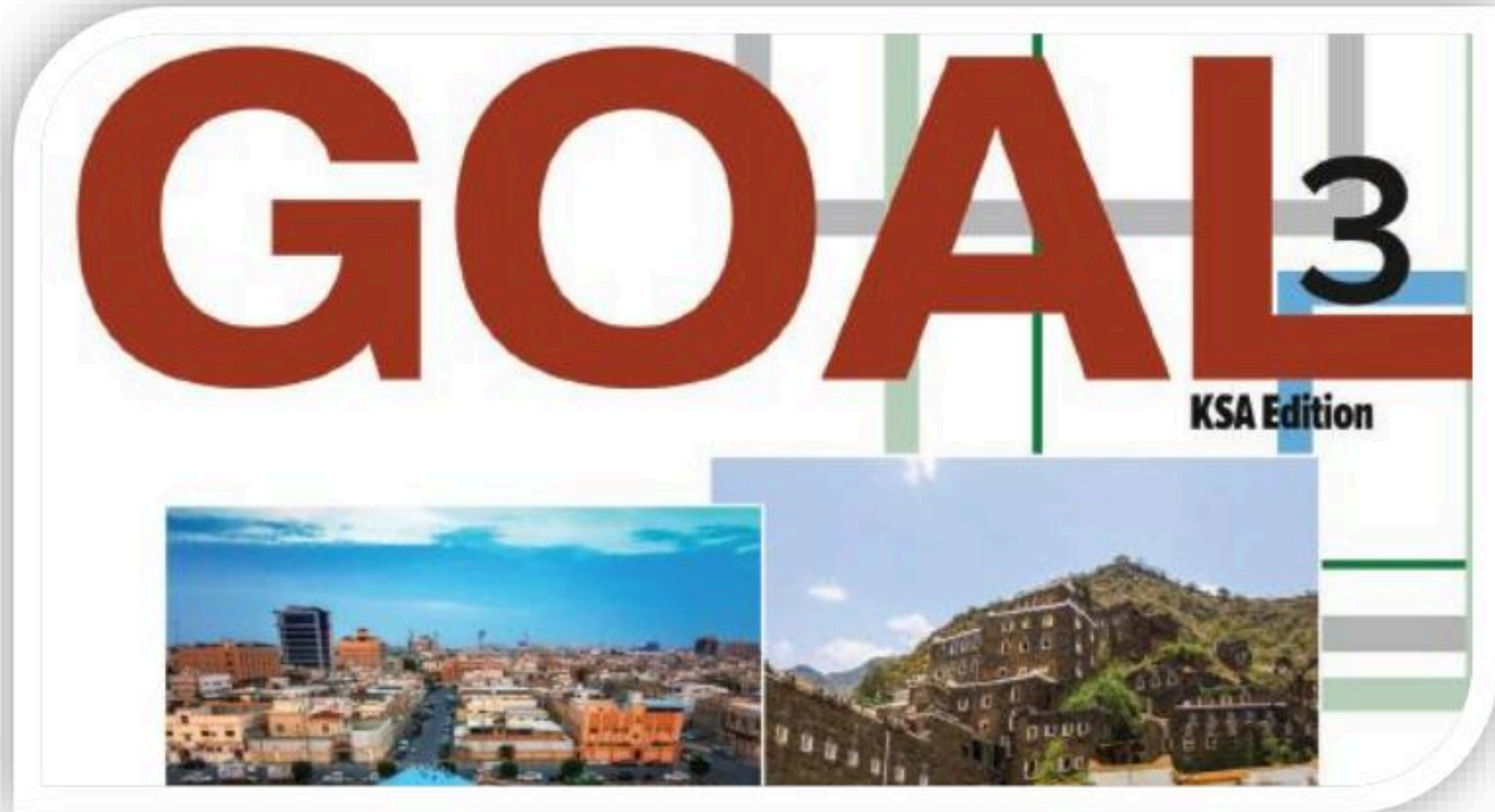


وزارة التعليم
Ministry of Education

رؤية
VISION
2030
المملكة العربية السعودية
KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA

Super Goal 3 Dictionary

قاموس منهج سوپر قول ٣



إعداد وتنظيم الأستاذ : بدر الشهري

Badr Al-Shahri

Unit 7 : الوحدة السابعة

إنها صفقة رابحة ، أليس كذلك ؟ ؟ It's A Good Deal , Isn't It ?

المفردات : Vocabulary

الأسماء : Nouns

antique عتيق / قديم

cup كوب

fork شوكة

garage sale كراج للمبيعات

grass عشب

hose خرطوم ماء

ladder سلم

lawn mower جزارة عشب

plate صحن

pliers كماشة

saucer صحن للفنجان

screwdriver مفك

teapot براد للشاي

vacuum cleaner مكنسة كهربائية

broom مكنسة

fan مروحة

frying pan مقلاة

garbage can سلة مهملات

hammer مطرقة

knife, knives (pl.) سكاكين ، سكين

lamp لمبة

luggage أمتعة / حقائب سفر

pot قدر

rocking chair كرسي هزاز

saw منشار

spoon ملعقة

teddy bear دمية دب

أفعال : Verbs

guess يخمن

run on يشغل / يستمر

جملة فعلية : Verb phrase

be able to يكون قادر على

التعبيرات : Expressions

مصطلح : Idiom

From around here من هنا

Disagreeing politely : الرفض بشكل مهذب

I don't think so لا أظن ذلك

Real talk : الكلمات والمعاني

How do you do? كيف الحال ؟

I'll be happy to ... سأكون سعيد بـ ...

Is that so? هل حقاً ذلك ؟

show someone around يري شخص المكان

الوحدة الثامنة : Unit 8

يقود بحذر !! Drive Slowly

المفردات : Vocabulary

الأسماء : Nouns

automatic transmission	تعشيق أوماتيكي	bumper	صدام
brake pedal	دعاسة الفرامل	exterior	المظهر الخارجي
dashboard	عداد السيارة	gas tank	خزان الوقود
gas pedal	دعاسة البنزين	headlight	أنوار السيارة
glove compartment	صندوق القفازات	hood	غطاء محرك السيارة
GPS	نظام الملاحة	interior	المظهر الداخلي
highway	طريق سريع	rearview mirror	مرآة السيارة الداخلية
ignition	مفتاح التشغيل	seat belt	حزام الأمان
pedestrian	مشاة	speed limit	حدود السرعة
road sign	لوحة على الطريق	ticket	مخالفة
signal light	إشارة السيارة	windshield	زجاج السيارة
steering wheel	مقود السيارة		
trunk	صندوق السيارة		
windshield wipers	مساحة زجاج السيارة		

الأفعال : verbs

obey	يُطيع	pass	يجتاز
speed	يسرع	watch out	يحذر

الأحوال : Adverbs

carefully	بحذر	slowly	ببطيء
well	جيذا / بخير		

التعبيرات : Expressions

المصطلحات : Idioms

in a hurry مستعجل

run into traffic يدخل في الزحمة المرورية

المفردات والمعاني : Real talk

Hey مرحبا

I'm doing 60. أنا أقود بسرعة ٦٠ كم

You can't be serious! لا يمكن أن تكون جادا !

Unit 9 : الوحدة التاسعة

All Kinds of People : جميع أنواع البشر

Vocabulary : المفردات

Nouns : الأسماء

airline خطوط طيران
editor محرر
fake مزور / مزيف
pedal cab دراجة لنقل المسافرين

attraction جذب
event حدث / حفل
flyers نشرات
thief لص

Verbs : أفعال

compliment يجامل / يمدح
recognize يتعرف على
steal يسرق

grab يمسك / يقبض على
spill يسكب

Adjectives : الصفات

absentminded شارد الذهن
clever ذكي
generous كريم
honest أمين
lazy كسول
patient صبور
pessimistic متشائم
quiet هادئ
rude وقح
serious جدي
talkative ثرثار
unreliable غير جدير بالثقة

athletic رياضي
efficient فعال
hardworking مجتهد عمل
kind لطيف / عطوف
optimistic متفائل
persuasive مقنع
polite محترم
reliable جدير بالثقة
selfish أناني
silly سخيف
typical نموذج / مثالي

التعبيرات : Expressions

مصطلحات : Idioms

give directions يعطي توجيهات لمكان ما

hail a taxi ينادي التاكسي

hand out يوزع

in a hurry مستعجل

on duty مرابط في العمل

المفردات والمعاني : Real talk

a real treat لذيذ

I mean أنا أقصد بكلامي

Of course بالطبع

الوحدة العاشرة : Unit 10

Who Used My Toothpaste ?

من الذي استعمل معجون الأسنان الخاص بي ؟

المفردات : Vocabulary

الأسماء : Nouns

complaint شكوى

liquid سائل

hair dryer مجفف الشعر

mirror مرآة

nephew ابن الأخ أو ابن الأخت

shampoo شامبو

dishwashing سائل غسيل الصحون

hairbrush فرشاة الشعر

mess فوضى

nail polish طلاء الأظافر

scissors مقص

toothpaste معجون أسنان

الأفعال : Verbs

annoy يزعج

borrow يستعير

finish يُنهي

irritate يغيظ / يزعج

splash يرش

suggest يقترح

avoid يتجنب

feed يُطعم

imagine يتخيل / يتصور

mind يمانع

stand يقف

الأفعال المكونة من كلمتين : Two-word verbs

blow up ينفخ / ينسف / يفجر

give back يعطي

mess up يثير الفوضى

put back يعيد الشيء إلى مكانه

turn down يرفض / يخفض

clean up ينظف

give up يستسلم

put away يضع جانبا أو بعيدا

take over يسيطر / يستولي

turn off يطفى

الصفات : Adjectives

dirty متسخ



Adverbs : الأحوال

already مسبقا

just فقط / كفاية

yet حتى الان / ليس بعد

Expressions : التعبيرات

Idioms : المصطلحات

make oneself at home يشعر الشخص بأنه في منزله

wait in line ينتظر في الطابور

Real talk : الكلمات والمعاني

At long last ! أخيرا / بعد طول الانتظار !

That's a bit too much. ذلك كثير / مبالغ فيه .

الوحدة الحادية عشر : Unit 11

اتخاذ القرارات : Making Choice

المفردات : Vocabulary

الأسماء : Nouns

airshow عرض جوي للطائرات
choice اختيار / قرار
environment بيئة
graduation تخرج
preference مرجع
route طريق / مسار
subject مادة / موضوع

benefit فائدة
conservationist محافظ
farmer مزارع
pollution تلوث
resort منتجع
scholarship منحة للدراسة

الأفعال : Verbs

care يري / يهتم بشخص
fail يفشل / يسقط
generate ينشئ / ينتج
Interfere يتدخل
pass (a test) يجتاز الاختبار
Speed يسرع

cheat يغش
fit in يناسب / يتعايش
graduate يتخرج
Involve يتورط / يشارك
protest يعارض / يحتج

الصفة : Adjective

Scenic منظر خلاب

التعبيرات : Expressions

المصطلحات : Idioms

be against يقف ضد
feel like (doing) يشعر بالرغبة في فعل شيء
fit in يندمج
get a chance يحصل على الفرصة
get caught يتم القبض عليه

would rather يفضل / يرغب

Real Talk : المفردات والمعاني

It seems to me يبدو بالنسبة لي
make up your mind اتخذ قرارك
up in the air تالاشى / ذهب في مهب الريح

الوحدة الثانية عشر : Unit 12

الصدمة الثقافية : Culture Shock

المفردات : Vocabulary

الأسماء : Nouns

break إجازة / راحة
custom عادة / تقاليد
graduate تخرج
host مضيف
lawyer محامي
pocket جيب
shock صدمة / صعقة
tip نصيحة

chopsticks أعواد الأكل
dust غبار
guest ضيف
impression انطباع
mud طين
porter حمال / بواب
surname اللقب / الكنية
topic موضوع / عنوان

أفعال : Verbs

adjust يعدل
block يعيق / يغلق
comment يعلق
expect يتوقع
manage يدير
rest يرتاح
spear يخترق
tip يعطي المال

allow يسمح
bump (into) يصدم بـ
exchange يتبادل
handle يتعامل مع
remove يزيل
rush يستعجل
spread ينشر

الصفات : Adjectives

crowded مزدحم
globalized عالمي
punctual دقيق
similar متشابه

customary اعتيادي / تقليدي
local محلي
relaxed مسترخي / مرتاح
tricky مخادع

الأحوال : Adverbs

accidentally عن طريق الخطأ / بالصدفة
patiently بكل صبر



التعبيرات : Expressions

التعبيرات مع صيغة المصدر : Expressions with It's + infinitive

It's advisable to ... من المستحسن أن
It's a good idea to ... إنها فكرة جيدة أن
It's common to ... من المعتاد أن
It's not polite to ... من غير الأدب أن
It's impolite to ... ليس من التهذيب أن
It's polite to ... من الأدب أن
It's rude to ... من الوقاحة أن
It's wrong to ... من الخطأ أن

تعبيرات عن النصيحة : Expressions of advice

Be sure to ... تأكد من أن
Don't forget to ... لا تنسى أن
Make sure to ... تأكد من أن
Remember to تذكر بأن
Try not to ... حاول ألا
Try to ... حاول أن

المصطلحات : Idioms

be based يرتكز على
be on time كن على الموعد
stand in line يقف في الطابور
wait your turn انتظر دورك
What's it like ... ؟ ؟ كيف كان ... ؟

المفردات والمعاني : Real Talk

kind of نوعا ما
No kidding! / بدون مزاح / هل تتكلم بجدية !
to be honest حتى أكون صادقا
to get the hang of يعتاد على

Expansion Units

وحدات المراجعة

المفردات : Vocabulary

Nouns : الأسماء

cure علاج

drowsiness النعاس

harmony انسجام / تناغم

nap قيلولة

skin cancer سرطان الجلد

stress الضغط

sunstroke ضربة شمس

dose جرعة

exhaustion التعب والارهاق / الاعياء

memory ذاكرة

siesta قيلولة العصر

sleepiness النعاس

sunburn حرق بسبب الشمس

Verbs : الأفعال

appreciate يقدر

cherish يعتزب

induce يستنتج / يحث

respect يحترم

assimilate يستوعب / يهضم

contribute يشارك / يساهم

reduce يخفض

Adjectives : الصفات

overwhelming غامر / ساحق

unproductive غير منتج

sleepy نعسان

wasteful مسرف / مبذر

التعبيرات : Expressions

مصطلحات : Idioms

frown upon ... غاضب بسبب ...

get accustomed to يعتاد على

get along يندمج مع

hold dear يعتز به / يتمسك به

lose heart يئس

pick up يلتقط / يعتاد على

see eye to eye يختلف مع

settle in يستقر

Best of luck